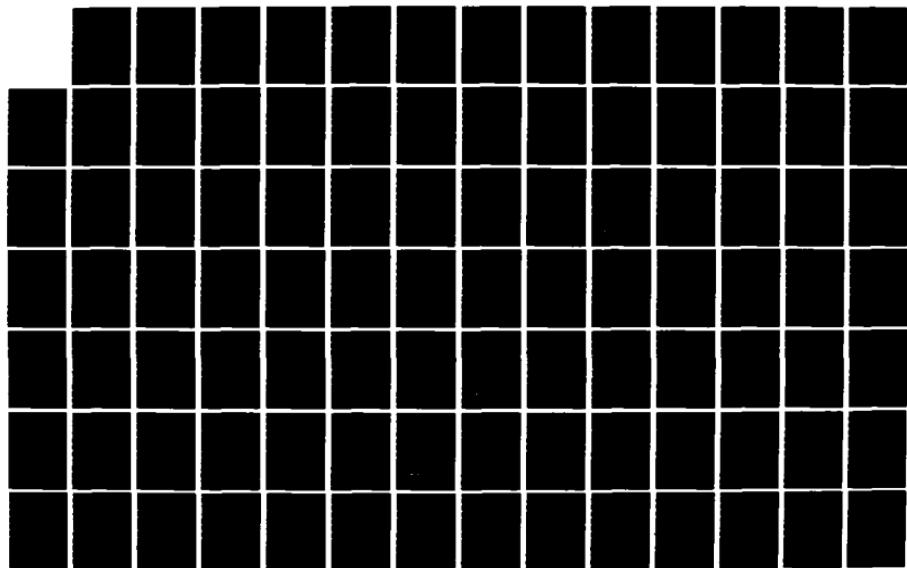


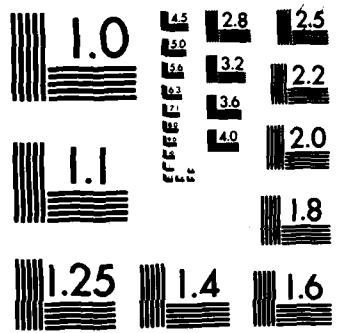
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AFWL BENCHMARK COMPUTER PROGRAM

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P.O. Box 3999
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1 May 1982

Final Report for Period 3 March 1980-1 May 1982

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PREFACE

This is the final report of an effort conducted under Defense Nuclear Agency Contract DNA-80-C-0056. The contract supported a DNA task of procuring an advanced scientific computer system by collecting representative software for evaluating the performance of candidate computer systems (benchmarking, Ref. 3). One sample benchmark program, a large hydrodynamics code named CSQ, has been processed into ANSI Standard Fortran using SCOFF, a translating computer program developed on this contract. The resulting version of CSQ has been tested and is now available in the DNA Cyber 176 computer located at Kirtland AFB, New Mexico.

This study was sponsored by the Office of Technical Information with LCDR Harold R. Gladwin serving as technical monitor. Major John M. Anderson reviewed the final report. Their comments and support are gratefully acknowledged. Special appreciation is extended to Michael Warshaw of RDA whose patience, cooperation, and advice provided great support for this report. The technical work of BAC staff members Loren Milliman and Dave Cruikshank made the successful completion of this contract possible.

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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION

Although the Fortran language was designed to be a universal and machine-independent medium for development of computer programs, computer system manufacturers have corrupted this by not fully implementing the ANSI Standard Language (Refs. 1,2) and by providing various enhancements to ANSI Fortran. Although a particular vendor's Fortran language may in itself be excellent, the irregularity makes it difficult to assemble a collection of Fortran programs which is free from non-standard coding. A computer program, SCOFF (Semi-automated Conversion of Fortran Four) was developed to translate programs written in the various dialects of the Fortran language to a standard, ANSI-compatible language. SCOFF converts most of the non-standard features of major vendor's Fortran to a standard Fortran language. For example, Control Data Corporation (CDC) Fortran allows variable names to be up to seven characters in length, while Digital Equipment Corporation (DEC) Fortran allows names up to 15 characters long which may contain dollar marks (\$) and underscores(_). The ANSI Standard specified that variable names be a maximum of six characters in length and that all characters be from the set (A-Z, 0-9). SCOFF replaces each instance of an improper variable name with a truncated, proper variable name.

The SCOFF output meets the requirements of ANSI X3.9-1978 Fortran 77 Subset with two additions: that of COMPLEX statements and BLOCK Data structures. These additions were made because the preponderance of computer programs used in DNA activities require one or both of these features and because there is no convenient alternative.

SCOFF presently runs on IBM 360/370 series computers and requires approximately 200K bytes memory. SCOFF uses an efficient input/output method, so that the program execution time is comparable to the IBM-supplied copy utility IEBGENER. Several input formats (corresponding to source language maintenance program conventions) are accepted by SCOFF. Output may be in ASCII, EBCDIC, or BCD character codes. The Job Control Language required to execute the SCOFF program is shown in Table 4. A listing of SCOFF appears in Appendix B.

In Section 2 of this report, we describe the development of SCOFF. Section 3 briefly describes a demonstrated use of SCOFF.

SECTION 2

THE SCOFF COMPUTERIZED CONVERSION METHOD

SCOFF reads statements (lines or cards) one at a time from a Fortran program which is to be standardized. It then examines the symbols of the statements one at a time, comparing the symbols with a typical set such as a blank, \$, *, C, or a numeral. This identification of the symbols determines the type of statement. The program then compares strings with standard statements, and takes appropriate action in translation.

A description of all the statements (ANSI and non-ANSI) that are recognized by SCOFF appears in Table 1, along with an indication of how SCOFF deals with the statement type. There are five actions that SCOFF may take, as specified in Table 2. Any statement type which does not appear in Table 1 will be ignored (passed through, not translated) by SCOFF. SCOFF cannot translate those statements which violate the ANSI Standards denoted by F in Table 1. There are several constructs for which there is no equivalent in the ANSI subset. The file manipulation statements OPEN and CLOSE are found in virtually all vendor Fortrancs, but the format of parameters for OPEN or CLOSE varies considerably. Since neither OPEN nor CLOSE is defined in the ANSI Fortran Subset Language, SCOFF does not attempt to translate these statements. Also, SCOFF cannot resolve ambiguities which require syntactical analysis. The notation used in Table 1 is that of ANSI X3.9-1978, Fortran 77; a reprint of the conventions appears in Table 3.

Of the actions listed in Table 2, the first two are described below. The last three are self-explanatory.

2-1 RESTRUCTURING (R)

SCOFF does a global reorganization of program statements. Many vendor Fortrancs allow Type Declaration statements and DATA statements to appear anywhere in a program element (or anywhere prior to the first occurrence of one of the defined variable names in an expression). SCOFF collects Type Declaration statements and DATA statements and places them ahead of the executable statements as required by the ANSI Fortran Subset. Also, some Fortrancs allow data values to be specified in the Declaration statements. Any

Table 1. Statement handling by SCOFF

Initial Form	Action Taken	Translated Form
(see Table 2)		
ASSIGN s TO i	T	ASSIGN s TO i
BACKSPACE u BACKSPACE (alist)	T F	BACKSPACE u BACKSPACE (alist)
BLOCK DATA [sub]	N	BLOCK DATA [sub]
CALL sub [([a [,a]...])]	T	CALL sub [([a [,a]...])]
CHARACTER [*len[,]] nam [,nam]...	TI	CHARACTER [*len[,]] nam [,nam]...
CLOSE (clist)	F	CLOSE (clist)
COMMON [/ [cb]/]nlist[[],]/[cb]/nlist]...	T	COMMON [/ [cb]/]nlist[[],]/[cb]/nlist]...
COMPLEX v [,v]... COMPLEX *len[,] v [,v]...	T RT	COMPLEX [,v]... COMPLEX v [,v]...
CONTINUE	N	CONTINUE
DATA nlist/clist/ [[,]nlist/clist]	T	DATA nlist/clist/ [[,]nlist/clist]
DIMENSION a(d) [,a(d)]...	T	DIMENSION a(d) [,a(d)]...
DO s [,] i=e ₁ ,e ₂ [,e ₃]	T	DO s [,] i=e ₁ ,e ₂ [,e ₃]
DOUBLE PRECISION v[,v]...	RT	REAL v [,v]
ELSE	NI	ELSE
ELSE IF (e) THEN	TI	ELSE IF (e) THEN
END	N	END
END IF	NI	END IF
ENDFILE u ENDFILE (alist)	T F	ENDFILE u ENDFILE (alist)
ENTRY en [([d [,d]...])]	TF	ENTRY en [([d [,d]...])]
EQUIVALENCE (nlist) [,(nlist)..	T	EQUIVALENCE (nlist) [,(nlist)]...
EXTERNAL proc [,proc]...	T	EXTERNAL proc [,proc]...

TABLE 1. (Continued)

Initial Form	Action Taken	Translated Form
FORMAT is	T	FORMAT is
fun ([d]...) = e	T	fun ([d]...) = e
[typ [*len]] FUNCTION fun([d [,d]...])	RT	[type] FUNCTION fun ([d [,d]...])
GO TO i [[,](s [,s]...)]	N	GO TO i [[,](s [,s]...)]
GO TO s	N	GO TO s
GO TO (s [,s]...)[,] i	T	GO TO (s [,s]...)[,] i
IF (e) st	T	IF (e) st
IF (e) s ₁ , s ₂ , s ₃	T	IF (e) s ₁ , s ₂ , s ₃
IF (e) s ₁ , s ₂	F	IF (e) s ₁ , s ₂
IF (e) THEN	TI	IF (e) THEN
IMPLICIT type (a [,a]...)	R	Specific Type Declaration Statements Generated As Required
INQUIRE (iflist)	F	INQUIRE (iflist)
INQUIR (iulist)	F	INQUIRE (iulist)
INTEGER v [,v]...	T	INTEGER v [,v]...
INTEGER *len v [,v]...	RT	INTEGER v [,v]... INTEGER v [,v]...
INTRINSIC fun [,fun]...	F	INTRINSIC fun [,fun]...
LOGICAL v [,v]...	T	LOGICAL v [,v]...
LOGICAL *len v [,v]...	RT	LOGICAL v [,v]... LOGICAL v [,v]...
NAMELIST	TF	NAMELIST
OPEN (olist)	I	OPEN (olist)
PARAMETER (p=e[,p=e]...)	F	PARAMETER (p=e[,p=e]...)
PAUSE [n]	N	PAUSE [n]
PRINT f[, iolist]	T	PRINT f [, iolist]
PROGRAM pgm	T	PROGRAM pgm
READ (cilist) [iolist]	T	READ (cilist) [iolist]
READ f [, iolist]	F	READ f [, iolist]

TABLE 1. (Continued)

Initial Form	Action Taken	Translated Form
REAL v [,v]...	T	REAL v [,v]...
REAL *len v [,v]	RT	REAL v [,v]...
RETURN [e]	N	RETURN [e]
REWIND u	T	REWIND u
REWIND (alist)	F	REWIND (alist)
SAVE [a [,a]...]	F	SAVE [a [,a]...]
STOP [n]	N	STOP [n]
SUBROUTINE sub [([d [,d]...])]	RT	SUBROUTINE sub [([d [,d]...])]
WRITE (clist) [iolist]	T	WRITE (clist) [iolist]
v = e	T	v = e Arithmetic Assignment Statement
v = e	T	v = e Logical Assignment Statement
v = e	I	v = e Character Assignment Statement
v = v [=v...] = e	RT	v = e v = v [v = v] Multiple Arithmetic Assignment Statement
		.
		.
		.
st \$ st [\$st...]	RT	st st [st] Multiple Statements per coding line
		.
		.
v(e(e[(e)...]))	RT	v = e(e) Subscripted Subscripts [v = e (v)]
		.
		.
		v(v)
td v/clist/[,v/clist]...	RT	td v [,v]... Data in Type Declaration DATA v/clist/[,v/clist]

Table 2. Actions taken by SC OFF

Action	Description
R	Restructured by SC OFF to statement acceptable in ANSI subset
T	Variable names translated (truncated with ambiguity resolution) by SC OFF if longer than six characters
F	Flagged as not ANSI subset. Not translated by SC OFF unless TF appears
N	Translation not needed
I	Flagged as not acceptable to pre-1981 IBM compilers

Table 3. Notation of ANSI X3.9-1978 FORTRAN 77

In describing the form of FORTRAN statements or constructs, the following metalanguage conventions and symbols are used:

- (1) Special characters from the FORTRAN character set, uppercase letters, and uppercase words are to be written as shown, except where otherwise noted.
- (2) Lowercase letters and lowercase words indicate general entities for which specific entities must be substituted in actual statements. Once a given lowercase letter or word is used in a syntactic specification to represent an entity, all subsequent occurrences of that letter or word represent the same entity until that letter or word is used in a subsequent syntactic specification to represent a different entity.
- (3) Brackets, [], are used to indicate optional items.
- (4) An ellipsis, ... , indicates that the preceding optional items may appear one or more times in succession.
- (5) Blanks are used to improve readability, but unless otherwise noted have no significance.
- (6) Words or groups of words that have special significance are underlined where their meaning is described.

An example illustrates the metalanguage. Given a description of the form of a statement as:

CALL sub((a, a...))

the following forms are allowed:

CALL sub
CALL sub()
CALL sub(a)
CALL sub(a, a)
CALL sub(a, a, a)
etc

When an actual statement is written, specific entities are substituted for sub and each a; for example:

CALL ABCD(X, 1.0)

Table 4. Job control language required to execute SCOFF

```
// EXEC PGM=SCOFF1, TIME=(0,20)
//STEPLIB DD DSN=ENG.BREL.PGMLIB,DISP=SHR
//OUTPUT DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(BLKSIZE=400,RECFM=FB)
//TEMP DD UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(800, (200,20)), DCB=BLKSIZE=800
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=BLKSIZE=1729
//INPUT DD *
```

The EXEC card specifies SCOFF1 to be run from library ENG.BREL. The STEPLIB statement defines where the program is in the library named ENG.BREL. The OUTPUT card image specifies the output file from SCOFF. The TEMP statement defines a temporary working file used for execution and storage of SCOFF. The FT06F001 statement defines FORTRAN unit six as the output unit. The INPUT statement tells the machine that the input program begins with the next statement.

such data values are removed from the Type Declaration statement and a separate DATA statement is created for the data value assignment.

Another global action taken by SCOFF is the replacement of IMPLICIT Type Statements. Any IMPLICIT statement is removed and individual Type Declaration statements are generated, if necessary, to explicitly type each variable name not already explicitly typed which does not correspond to the default type convention of ANSI Fortran (all names represent floating point variables unless the name begins with one of the letters I through N).

2-2 TRANSLATION (T)

Variable names that are more than six characters long are translated by truncation to make a similar, legal, unique name. Variable name truncation is done according to the following algorithm:

1. Drop all non-standard characters in the name.
2. If a vowel exists in the name, drop the last one; else drop the last consonant.
3. If the name is longer than six characters, do Step 2.
4. Set I to 6; set N to 0.
5. If the name is unique, then End.
6. Replace the Ith character with the character which succeeds it in the alphanumeric collating sequence.
7. Increment N. If N is less than 37, then do Step 5; else set I to I-1; set N to 0; do Step 6.

Another example of direct replacement is the Multiple Assignment Statement (permitted in CDC Fortran) which has the form

A = B = C = expression

A Multiple Assignment Statement is expanded into two (or more) single assignment Fortran statements:

C = expression

B = C

A = B

2-3 EXAMPLES

It may be helpful to examine two statements from Table 1 in more detail. Consider the first statement:

ASSIGN s TO i

The Action Taken is specified as T and the translated form appears to be identical with the initial form. The translated form will be identical except in those cases where the variable name i contains improper characters or is more than six characters long. SCOFF does not alter the statement segments ASSIGN, the statement number s, or TO.

Secondly, consider the statement:

COMPLEX*len[,] v [,v] ...

This statement is both Restructured and Translated (RT). The restructuring consists of removing the *len[,] while the translation ensures that every variable v is a legal name of six or fewer characters.

SECTION 3

DEMONSTRATED USES OF SCOFF

CSQ (Ref. 4) is a large two-dimensional hydrocode that was selected as a test vehicle for demonstrating the use of SCOFF. The selection was based upon the need for a large code representative of those used by the DNA community. CSQ can test the capabilities of computers proposed for purchase by DNA since it uses large amounts of both storage and CPU time.

CSQ is composed of approximately fifteen thousand cards. Most of the statements are pass-through statements with perhaps ten percent needing conversion. After application of SCOFF, a few days of hand work by a programmer were required to finish the conversion.

CSQ was first processed at Boeing via SCOFF. It was then transported to AFWL for trial runs on the DNA computer. The first runs were made under the NOS/BE system. Then when the operating system changed to NOS, some CSQ runs were made under the new operating system. The conversion was successful and made CSQ available as a benchmark code.

Appendix A presents a sample computer run of SCOFF. The input stream contains a number of statements that are non-ANSI. The output stream shows the translated statements. In addition, a set of SCOFF translation messages are presented. These messages would be used by a programmer if further translation was deemed necessary for the benchmark test.

SECTION 4

SUMMARY

SCOFF provides a positive step towards improving the development of fair, representative benchmarks for the evaluation of competing computer systems for DNA. The advantages of computer translation are apparent: the operation frees the programming staff from tedious work; it is fast, without error, and, within the limits described previously, complete. The changes which require a programmer's services are often challenging but usually such that they can be solved quickly.

Many programs already exist that are too large to translate by hand with any great confidence in the accuracy of the output. CSQ is an example of such a program. As larger computers and larger computer programs proliferate, the SCOFF technique will help reduce the cost of benchmarking and upgrading at a computer facility.

SECTION 5

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APPENDIX A
SAMPLE COMPUTER RUN OF SCOFF

This appendix presents a sample computer run of SCOFF that demonstrates typical inputs, outputs, and translation messages. The input program was written for illustrative purposes and does not solve any particular physics problem.

INPUT TO SCOFF

```
PROGRAM TESTSCOFF
PARAMETER (IDIM=100)
IMPLICIT INTEGER#4 (R-S)
DIMENSION ARRAYONE(IDIM), ARRAYTWO(IDIM)
REAL#4 ARRAYTHREE(IDIM)/IDIM#0./
INTEGER VARIABLE1,VARIABLE2/2/,VARIABLE3
CHARACTER#1 ANS,YES
EQUIVALENCE (ARRAYONE,ARRAYTHREE)
DATA YES/'Y'/
PRINT 5
5 FORMAT(* THIS PROGRAM DOESNT DO ANYTHING!*)
DO 500 VARIABLE1=1, IDIM
VARIABLE3=(-1)**VARIABLE1
ARRAYTWO(VARIABLE1)=ARRAYTHREE(VARIABLE1)+VARIABLE2**VARIABLE3
      *VARIABLE1
     IF(ARRAYTWO(VARIABLE1))100,100,500
100 ARRAYTWO(VARIABLE1)=VARIABLE1**VARIABLE2
500 CONTINUE
PRINT 6
6 FORMAT(* DO YOU WANT A PRINT?<Y OR N> *$)
READ *,ANS
IFI(ANS.EQ.YES)PRINT 7,(ARRAYTWO(R),R=1, IDIM)
7 FORMAT(* ALL NUMBERS SHOULD BE POSITIVE COUNTING BY 2-->*,  
-(1/IX,1P8E10.3))
DO 600 VARIABLE2=1, IDIM
ARRAYONE(VARIABLE2)=DIVIDEITUP(ARRAYTWO(VARIABLE2))
600 CONTINUE
PRINT 8
READ *,ANS
IFI(ANS.EQ.YES)PRINT 8,(ARRAYTHREE(S),S=1, IDIM)
8 FORMAT(* ALL NUMBER SHOULD BE POSITIVE SEQUENTIAL-->*,  
-(1/IX,1P8E10.3))
CALL FLIPAROUND(ARRAYONE, IDIM,ARRAYTHREE)
PRINT 9
READ *,ANS
IFI(ANS.EQ.YES)PRINT 9,ARRAYONE
9 FORMAT(* ALL NUMBERS SHOULD BE SEQUENTIAL ALTERNATING SIGN-->*,  
-(1/IX,1P8E10.3))
PRINT 10
10 FORMAT(* ALLLLL DONE!!!!*)
STOP
END
REAL#4 FUNCTION DIVIDEITUP(RAY)
DIVIDEITUP=RAY/2
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE FLIPAROUND(||||||1,||||||2,||||||2)
REAL |||||1(|||||),||||||2(|||||)
DO 5000 J=1,|||||
K=(-1)**J
||||||1(J)=||||||2(J)*K
5000 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

OUTPUT FROM SCOFF

```

C8      PROGRAM TESTSCOFF
        PARAMETER (IDIM=100)
        INTEGER R, S
        IMPLICIT INTEGER N4 (R-S)
        DIMENSION ARRAYN(IDIM),ARRATW(IDIM)
        REAL ARRTHR(IDIM)
        INTEGER VARBL1,VARBL2,VARBL3
        CHARACTER#1 ANS,YES
        EQUIVALENCE (ARRAYN,ARRTHR)
        DATA ARRTHR / IDIM>0. /
        DATA VARBL2 / 2 /
        DATA YES/ 1HY/
        PRINT 5
5 FORMAT(33H THIS PROGRAM DOESNT DO ANYTHING!)
        DO 500 VARBL1=1, IDIM
        VARBL3=(-1)**VARBL1
        ARRATW(VARBL1)=ARRTHR(VARBL1)+VARBL2*VARBL3
        A     #VARBL1
        IF(ARRATW(VARBL1))100,100,500
100    ARRATW(VARBL1)=VARBL1*VARBL2
500    CONTINUE
        PRINT 6
6 FORMAT(30H DO YOU WANT A PRINT? Y OR N> S)
        READ *,ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.YES)PRINT 7,(ARRATW(R),R=1, IDIM)
7 FORMAT(48H ALL NUMBERS SHOULD BE POSITIVE COUNTING BY 2-->,(/1X,1P
-8E10.3))
        DO 600 VARBL2=1, IDIM
        ARRAYN(VARBL2)=DIVDTP(ARRATW(VARBL2))
600    CONTINUE
        PRINT 8
        READ *,ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.YES)PRINT 8,(ARRTHR(S),S=1, IDIM)
8 FORMAT(44H ALL NUMBER SHOULD BE POSITIVE SEQUENTIAL-->,(/1X,1P8E10
-.3))
        CALL FLPRND(ARRAYN, IDIM,ARRTHR)
        PRINT 9
        READ *,ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.YES)PRINT 9,ARRAYN
9 FORMAT(53H ALL NUMBERS SHOULD BE SEQUENTIAL ALTERNATING SIGN-->,(/
-1X,1P8E10.3))
        PRINT 10
10    FORMAT(15H ALLLLLLDONE!!!!)
        STOP
        END
        REAL N4 FUNCTION DIVDTP(RAY)
        DIVDTP=RAY/2
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE FLPRND(|||||1,|||||1,|||||2)
        REAL |||||1(|||||1),|||||2(|||||1)
        DO 5000 J=1,|||||1
        K=(-1)**J
        |||||1(J)=|||||2(J)*K
5000    CONTINUE
        RETURN
        END

```

SCOFF TRANSLATION MESSAGES

PROGRAM TESTSCOFF

SYNTAX ##

PARAMETER ((DIM=100))
PARAMETER STATEMENT NOT ALLOWED IN ALL FORTRAN LANGUAGES

REAL#4 ARRAYTHREE((DIM))/((DIM#0./
DATA ARRAYTHREE / ((DIM#0. /

INTEGER VARIABLE1,VARIABLE2/2/,VARIABLE3
DATA VARIABLE2 / 2 /

CHARACTER#1 ANS,YES
CHARACTER STATEMENT NOT ALLOWED IN ALL FORTRAN LANGUAGES

6 FORMAT(* DO YOU WANT A PRINT?)Y OR N> #\\$)
CHARACTER (S) IS NOT A VALID FORMAT TYPE.

INTEGER R S
END OF TRANSLATION 00000010

APPENDIX B

LISTING OF SCOFF

PAGE 1 OF MAIN

```

7000 IF ( KARD(LAST+1) .NE. KBL ) GO TO 7001
      LAST = LAST + 1
      GO TO 7000
C   C   60 TO FORTRAN STATEMENT PROCESSING BY TYPE.
C
C   CONTINUE
      60 TO (90, 4, 15, 16, 18, 17, 17, 21, 24, 28, 4, 29, 91, 32, 33, 34, 35, 30, 16,
      49, 41, 42, 43, 44, 39, 45, 4, 13, 46, 46, 49, 54, 54, 54, 56, 64, 65, 92,
      2, 38, 66, 67, 18, 70, 71, 75, 78, 82, 83, 66, 66, 16, 18, 4, 66, 18, 34, 35, 36, 87,
      3, 6100, 6200, 6200, 6200, 6200, 6600, 6600, 6200, 6600, 6200
      J
      4
C   CONTINUE
C
C   NOT IN STATEMENT LIST.  ASSUME ARITHMETIC AND LOOK FOR E.
C
C   KOL = 6
      LAST = 3
      ASSIGN 13 TO NOEQ
      9      K = KMAX - 1
      DO 12 I=LAST,K
      IF ( KARD(I) ) EQ. KSPK(11) ) GO TO 14
      CONTINUE
      12 GO TO NOEQ, 1, 4, 13, 205, 440, 460, 68 )
      13 CALL ERROR
      ITYPE=1
      GO TO 11
      14 ITYPE = 2
      CALL MULTEQ( 1 )
      GO TO 4
      11 CALL SUBSUB
      GO TO 4
***** * FORTRAN STATEMENT PROCESSING STARTS HERE * *****
C
C   ASSIGN 12345 TO N.
C
C   KOL=LAST
      CALL SYMBOL
      IF ( KODE ) EQ. MINA ) CALL ERROR
      ITYPE=1
      CALL UPDATE
      KOL=KOL+1
      CALL SYMBOL
      IF ( KODE ) NE. MINA ) CALL ERROR
      ITYPE=2
      CALL UPDATE
      GO TO 4
      15
      C BACKSPACE, ENDFILE, REWIND, ETC.
      C

```

```

16      KOL=LAST
17      ITYPE=1
18      CALL SYMBOL
19      IF ( KODE .EQ. MINA ) CALL UPDATE
20      GO TO 4
C      C      BUFFER IN    //  BUFFER OUT.
C      C      BLOCK DATA, FUNCTION, PROGRAM, SUBROUTINE.
C      C      -----
C      18      ENDCD = TRUE.
C      IF (NREC.EQ.1.OR.NSYM.LT.2) GO TO 19
C      ENDCD = FALSE.
C      CALL ERR( 16,DUMMY,DUMMY )
C      IF ( OUPDAT ) CALL SORT( 1 )
C      NREC=1
C      NSYME0
C      NEXT=MXLI
C      IF (J.NE.44.OR.NROUT.EQ.0) GO TO 20
C      NROUT=0
C      NRT=0
C      OUPDAT = TRUE
C      ----- SET UP PAGE CAPTION FROM PREVIOUS CARD
C      DO 201 I=1,LAST
201      JOB(I) = KARD(I)
C      DO 202 I=LAST,65
202      JOB(I+1) = KARD(I)
C      ----- REPLACE THE BLANK AFTER 'SUBROUTINE' OR WHATEVER
C      DO 203 I=KMAX,64
C      JOB(I+2) = KBL
C      IF ( KMAX.GT. 64 ) GO TO 204
C      DO 203 I=KMAX,64
C      CALL CENTOR
C      IF ( J .EQ. 5 ) GO TO 4
C      KOL = LAST
C      CALL FNCHEK( 0 )
C      CALL RETRN( 0 )
C      GO TO 4
C      CALL XYZ (ARG LIST).
C      C      -----
C      21      KOL=LAST
C      ITYPE=1
C      CALL SYMBOL
C      IF ( KODE .NE. MINA ) CALL ERROR
C      ITYPE=4
C      IF ( KRSX .EQ. KSPK(1) ) GO TO 9009
C      CALL UPDATE
C      GOTO 11
C      C      COMMON STATEMENT.

```

```

24  ITYPE = 5
    KODE = 0
    IF ( KARD(1LAST+1) .NE. KSPK(4) ) GO TO 25
C---   ----- LABELLED COMMON. SKIP LABEL
        KOL = LAST+1
        CALL SYMBOL
        GO TO 26
        KOL=LAST
        CALL SYMBOL
        IF ( KODE ) 4,26,27
        CONTINUE
        CALL UPDATE
        GO TO 26
C      COMPLEX STATEMENT.
C
28  ITYPE=6
    CALL TOTESTI(95, LAST, IMPLGO, 8, 16 )
    ----- TYPE DECLARATION STATEMENT. SEE IF FOLLOWED BY "FUNCTION"
C
285  11 = LAST
    N = KSTIJ(11,28)
    DO 286  I=1,N
2850  I = 11 + 1
        IF ( KARD(11) .EQ. KSTIJ(1,28) ) GO TO 286
        IF ( KARD(11) .NE. KBL ) GO TO 286
        GO TO 2850
        CONTINUE
        LAST = -1
        GO TO 18
        CALL SLASH( LAST )
        GO TO 4
C      DATA STATEMENT.
C
288  ITYPE=7
    ASSIGN 25 TO NOEQ
    ----- LOOK FOR = OR /
    DO 292  I=LAST,KMAX
290    IF ( KARD(1) .EQ. KSPK(1) ) GO TO 14
        IF ( KARD(1) .EQ. KSPK(4) ) GO TO 294
        CONTINUE
        GO TO NOEQ, ( 25, 830 )
C      DECODE, ENCODE.
C
30    KOL=LAST
    ITYPE=1
    CALL SYMBOL
    IF ( KODE .LT. 0 ) GO TO 4
    CALL SYMBOL
    CALL UPDATE
    GO TO 26
C      DIMENSION STATEMENT.
C

```

```

32   ITYPE=9
      GO TO 25
C     DOUBLE PRECISION STATEMENT.
C
C     KOL = 6
      CALL MOVER( 4,4HREAL,1,15 )
      LAST = KOL
      KMAX = KMAX - KOL + 10
      ITYPE = 18
      GO TO 285
C
C     DOUBLE STATEMENT.
C
C     ITYPE=9
      GO TO 25
C
C     DO STATEMENT.
C
C     DO 36 I=LAST,KMAX
      IF (KARD(1)).EQ.KSPK(1)) GO TO 37
      IF (KARD(1)).EQ.KSPK(3)) GO TO 9
      CONTINUE
      CALL ERROR
      GO TO 4
C
C     IB=1
      DO 38 I=IB,KMAX
      IF (KARD(1)).EQ.KSPK(2)) GO TO 39
      CONTINUE
      GO TO 14
      KOL=LAST
      ITYPE=20
      IF (KARD(1)).EQ.KSPK(3)) GO TO 11
      CALL SYMBOL
C
C     CALL UPDATE
      KOL=KOL-1
      ITYPE = 21
      GO TO 26
C
C     *****END OF SUBROUTINE*****
C
C     IF (KMAX.GT.LAST) GO TO 9
      CALL SORT( 1 )
      GO TO 3
C
C     ENTRY STATEMENT.
C
C     ASSIGN 205 TO NOEQ
      GO TO 10
C
C     EQUIVALENCE STATEMENT.

```

```

C 42 ITYPE=10
C      KOL=LAST+1
C      GO TO 26
C
C      EXTERNAL STATEMENT.
C
C 43 ITYPE=11
C      KOL = LAST
C      CALL XTRNAL
C      GO TO 4
C
C      ---- FIND STATEMENT
C      44 ASSIGN 440 TO NOEQ
C          GO TO 10
C          CALL ERROR
C          GO TO 96
C
C      FORTRAN OR TYPE STATEMENT.
C
C 45 KOL=LAST
C      GO TO 6
C
C 46 80 TO (1,2,3,4,5), N ///
C      80 TO 10 ///
C      460 ASSIGN 460 TO NOEQ
C          GO TO 10
C          KOL=LAST
C
C 47 ITYPE=1
C      CALL SYMBOL
C      IF (I KODE ) 4,47,48
C      CALL UPDATE
C      GO TO 47
C
C      IF ACCUMULATOR OVERFLOW STATEMENT.
C
C 49 DO 50 I=LAST,KMAX
C      IF (KARD(1).EQ.KABC(23)) GO TO 51
C      CONTINUE
C      CALL ERROR
C      GO TO 4
C
C 50 KOL=I
C      ITYPE=1
C      CALL SYMBOL
C      IF (I KODE ) 4,52,53
C      IF (IKODE .GE .MINA .AND .KODE .LE .MAXA) CALL ERROR
C      CALL UPDATE
C      GO TO 52
C
C 51
C
C 52
C
C 53
C
C 54 DO 55 I=LAST,KMAX
C      IF (KARD(1).EQ.KSPK(5)) GO TO 51
C      CONTINUE
C
C 55

```

```

CALL ERROR
GO TO 4
C   IF (IARITH) 1,2,3 // IF (LOGICAL) STATEMENT.
C
C      LOOK FOR PARENTHESIS COUNT OF ZERO.
C
C      NPAR=0
56     DO 58 I=LAST,KMAX
          IF (IKARD(I).NE.KSPK(3)) GO TO 57
          NPAR=NPAR+1
          GO TO 58
57     IF (IKARD(1).NE.KSPK(5)) GO TO 58
          NPAR=NPAR-1
          IF (INPAR) 59,59,58
          CONTINUE
          CALL ERROR
          GO TO 4
C
C      SCAN SYMBOLS WITHIN PARENTHESIS.
C
C      J=KMAX
58     IB=1
          KMAX=IB
          ITYPE=1
          KOL=LAST
          CALL SUBSUB
          KOL=IB
          KMAX=J
C
C      LOOK FOR DIGIT IMMEDIATELY AFTER PARENTHESIS. IF ONE IS NOT
C      FOUND, THE IF STATEMENT IS PROBABLY LOGICAL.
C
DO 63 I=1,10
          IF (IKARD(KOL+1).EQ.KDIG(1)) GO TO 52
          CONTINUE
62     IF (IKARD(KOL+1).NE. KBL ) GO TO 6
          IB = IB + 1
          GO TO 62
C
C      INTEGER STATEMENT.
C
C      ITYPE=12
63     CALL TDTEST( 295, LAST, IMPLGO, 2, 4 )
          GO TO 285
C
C      LOGICAL STATEMENT.
C
C      ITYPE=13
64     CALL TDTEST( 295, LAST, IMPLGO, 1, 4 )
          GO TO 285
C
C      PAUSE, STOP, RETURN STATEMENT.
C
65     ASSIGN 4 TO NOEQ

```

```

C-- 60 TO 10
C--    --- RETURN.
C--    IF 1 LAST(GE. KMAX ) GO TO 4
C>    CALL RETN(1);
C-- 60 TO 4
C
C PRINT STATEMENT.
C
C 67 ITYPE=15
C 68 KOL=LAST
C     CALL SYMBOL
C     IF 1 KODE LT. 0 ) GO TO 4
C     --- LOOK FOR COMMA BEFORE =
C     IF 1 KRSX EQ. KSPK(2) ) GO TO 11
C     IF 1 KRSX EQ. KSPK(1) ) GO TO 14
C     IF 1 KRSX EQ. KSPK(3) ) GO TO 9
C     GO TO 4
C
C PUNCH STATEMENT.
C
C 70 ITYPE=16
C 71 GO TO 68
C
C READ INPUT TAPE 5, 6, LIST.
C
C 71 ITYPE=17
C 72 KOL=LAST+3
C     CALL SYMBOL
C     IF 1 KODE LT. 0 ) GO TO 4
C     IF (KODE .GE. MINA .AND. KODE .LE. MAXA) CALL UPDATE
C     CALL SYMBOL
C     IF (KODE) 4, 4, 74
C     CALL UPDATE
C     GO TO 26
C
C READ TAPE 5, LIST
C
C 75 ITYPE=17
C 76 KOL=LAST
C     CALL SYMBOL
C     IF 1 KODE LT. 0 ) GO TO 4
C     IF (KODE .GE. MINA .AND. KODE .LE. MAXA) CALL UPDATE
C     GO TO 26
C
C READ (5) LIST // READ (5,6) LIST
C
C 78 ITYPE=17
C 79 KOL=LAST
C     CALL SYMBOL
C     IF 1 KODE LT. 0 ) GO TO 4
C     IF (KODE .GE. MINA .AND. KODE .LE. MAXA) CALL UPDATE
C     IF (KRSX EQ. KSPK(15)) GO TO 11
C     CALL SYMBOL
C     IF 1 KODE LT. 0 ) GO TO 4
C     IF 1 KRSX EQ. KSPK(11); CALL ERROR

```

```

        IF ! KRESX .EQ. KSPX(1) ) CALL ENREND
        GO TO 80
      READ S, LIST
      ITYPE=17
      GO TO 88
      REAL STATEMENT.
      ASSIGN 830 TO NOEQ
      GO TO 290
      ITYPE=18
      CALL TDTEST1 ASS, LAST, IMPLGO, 4, 0 )
      GO TO 285

      TYPE STATEMENT.
      KOLLAST
      GO TO 8
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 5, 6, LIST
      ITYPE=19
      KOLELAST+5
      GO TO 72
      WRITE TAPE 5, LIST.
      ITYPE=19
      GO TO 76
      WRITE 5, LIST.
      ITYPE=19
      GO TO 79
      NAMELIST STATEMENT.
      ITYPE=14
      GO TO 25
      -- MEMBER = NAME STATEMENT ( FROM UPDATER TAPE )
      89
      MOVE = -1
      NREC = NREC-1
      GO TO 4
      -- DEFINE FILE STATEMENT
      91
      KOL = LAST
      GO TO 97
      C-- -- IMPLICIT STATEMENT. TEST TO SEE IF FIRST STATEMENT IN PROGRAM
      C-- -- PROCESS IMPLICIT STATEMENT
      92
      IMPLGO = 1
      KOL = LAST
      GO TO 6
      KOL = LAST+2
      95

```

```

49600
49700
49800
49900
50000
50100
50200
50300
50400
50500
50600
50700
50800
50900
51000
51100
51200
51300
51400
51500
51600
51700
51800
51900
52000
52100
52200
52300
52400
52500
52600
52700
52800
52900
53000
53100
53200
53300

CALL IMPSET( IDX )
IF ( IDX .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 6
IMPLEO = 0
KARD(1) = KADC(3)
KARD(2) = KSPK(1)
CALL ERR( 19,0,0 )
GO TO 4
C----- FORMAT STATEMENT
MOVE = 2
NCARD = NCARD-1
GO TO 4
C----- CHARACTER STATEMENT
ITYPE = 3
CALL ERR( 18,5,10H CHARACTER )
IF ( KARD(LAST+1) .NE. KSPK(8) ) GO TO 6120
KOL = LAST + 2
NUMLY = .TRUE.
CALL SYMBOL
LAST = KOL
NUMLY = .FALSE.
IF ( IMPL80 .EQ. 1 ) GO TO 95
GO TO 265
C----- CLOSE
ITYPE = J - 40
ASSIGN 6250 TO NOEQ
GO TO 10
C----- CALL ERR( 18,4,ERRMSG( ITYPE-20 ) )
6250 CALL ERR( 18,4,ERRMSG( ITYPE-20 ) )
GO TO 4
C----- INTRINSIC FUNCTION
CONTINUE
CALL ERR( 18,5,10HINTRINSIC )
GO TO 4
CONTINUE
CALL ERR( 18,5,10HPARAMETER )
GO TO 4
END

```

BLOCK DATA
THIS BLOCK DATA CONTAINS ALL THE INDEX DATA STATEMENTS.

PAGE 1 OF BLOCK DATA

```

8600
DATA KST22/1HQ,1HU,1HU,1HL,1HE,1HM,1HC,10/
DATA KST23/1NE,1HX,1HT,1HE,1HN,1HL,1H,1H,8/
DATA KST24/1HF,1HI,1HN,1HD,1H,1H,1H,1H,4/
DATA KST25/1HF,1HO,1HR,1HM,1HA,1HT,1H,1H,7/
DATA KST26/1NF,1HO,1HR,1HT,1HR,1HA,1HN,1H,1H,7/
DATA KST27/1HF,1HR,1HE,1HQ,1HU,1HE,1HN,1H,1H,9/
DATA KST28/1HF,1HU,1HN,1HC,1HM,1HO,1HI,1H,1H,5/
DATA KST29/1HG,1HO,1HT,1HO,1HI,1H,1H,1H,1H,5/
DATA KST30/1HG,1HO,1HT,1HO,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,4/
DATA KST31/1HI,1HF,1HA,1NC,1HU,1HU,1HL,1H,1H,10/
DATA KST32/1HI,1HF,1HQ,1HU,1HO,1HT,1H,1H,1H,10/
DATA KST33/1HI,1HF,1HI,1HD,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,10/
DATA KST34/1HI,1HF,1HI,1HE,1HN,1HD,1H,1H,1H,10/
DATA KST35/1HI,1HF,1HI,1HS,1HE,1HN,1HE,1HL,1H,10/
DATA KST36/1HI,1HF,1HI,1HS,1HE,1HN,1HS,1HE,1HS,1HW,10/
DATA KST37/1HI,1HF,1HI,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,7/
DATA KST38/1HI,1HN,1HT,1HE,1HG,1HE,1HR,1H,1H,3/
DATA KST39/1HL,1HO,1HG,1HI,1HC,1HA,1HL,1H,1H,7/
DATA KST40/1HI,1HM,1HP,1HL,1HI,1HC,1HI,1H,1H,7/
DATA KST41/1HN,1HA,1HM,1HE,1HL,1H,1H,1H,1H,8/
DATA KST42/1HP,1HA,1HU,1HS,1HE,1H,1H,1H,1H,5/
DATA KST43/1HP,1HR,1HI,1HM,1HT,1H,1H,1H,1H,5/
DATA KST44/1HP,1HR,1HO,1HG,1HE,1HA,1HM,1H,1H,5/
DATA KST45/1HP,1HR,1HO,1HN,1HC,1HH,1H,1H,1H,5/
DATA KST46/1HR,1HE,1HA,1HD,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,5/
DATA KST47/1HR,1HE,1HA,1HD,1HT,1HA,1HP,1HE,1H,8/
DATA KST48/1HR,1HE,1HA,1HD,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,5/
DATA KST49/1HR,1HE,1HA,1HD,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,4/
DATA KST50/1HR,1HE,1HA,1HL,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,4/
DATA KST51/1HR,1HE,1HT,1HU,1HR,1HN,1HP,1HU,1HT,1H,10/
DATA KST52/1HR,1HE,1HW,1HI,1HN,1HD,1H,1H,1H,6/
DATA KST53/1HS,1HE,1HQ,1HM,1HE,1HN,1HT,1H,1H,6/
DATA KST54/1HS,1HE,1HN,1HS,1HE,1HT,1H,1H,1H,7/
DATA KST55/1HS,1HT,1HO,1HP,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,4/
DATA KST56/1HS,1HU,1HB,1HR,1HO,1HU,1HT,1H,1H,10/
DATA KST57/1HT,1HY,1HP,1HE,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,4/
DATA KST58/1HW,1HR,1HI,1HT,1HE,1HO,1HU,1HT,1H,10/
DATA KST59/1HW,1HR,1HI,1HT,1HE,1HT,1HA,1HP,1HE,1H,9/
DATA KST60/1HW,1HR,1HI,1HT,1HE,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,6/
DATA KST61/1HC,1HH,1HA,1HR,1HA,1HC,1HM,1HE,1H,1H,9/
DATA KST62/1HC,1HL,1HO,1HS,1HE,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,5/
DATA KST63/1HE,1HL,1HS,1HE,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,6/
DATA KST64/1HE,1HN,1HD,1HI,1HF,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,5/
DATA KST65/1HI,1HN,1HQ,1HU,1HI,1HR,1HE,1H,1H,1H,7/
DATA KST66/1HI,1HN,1HT,1HR,1HI,1HN,1HS,1HI,1HC,1H,9/
DATA KST67/1HO,1HP,1HE,1HN,1HE,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,4/
DATA KST68/1HP,1HA,1HR,1HA,1HM,1HE,1HT,1HE,1H,9/
DATA KST69/1HS,1HA,1HY,1HE,1H,1H,1H,1H,1H,4/
DATA IPAR, ICARD, L1, KCLASS, /, 1650*1H, /
DATA OTAB, /, 63*Z26, Z25, 128*Z26, 1650*1H, /
C Z01, Z02, Z03, Z04, Z05, Z06, Z07, Z08, Z09, 7#Z25,
D Z0A, Z0B, Z0E, Z10, Z11, Z12, 7#Z25,
E Z25, Z13, Z14, Z15, Z16, Z17, Z18, Z19, Z1A, 6#Z25,
F Z1B, Z1C, Z1D, Z1E, Z1F, Z20, Z21, Z22, Z23, Z24, 7#Z25, /
END

```

SUBROUTINE CENTOR

THIS ROUTINE CENTERS THE PAGE CAPTIONS.

```

COMMON 1TYPE, JOB(6), KARD(11326), KBUFF(180), KLEAR(10), KMAX, KODE, KOL, K
      1 RSX, LIST(191), LOCH, MINA, MAXA, NCHAR, NEXT, NRT, NREC, NROUT, NSYM
      2  NERR, NERO, MERKEY
      COMMON /KBL/ KBL, KABC(26), KDIG(110), KSPK(111)
      COMMON /BETA/ MXCH, MXLI, N15B, LINE, NPAGE
      COMMON /OTA/ KEY(24)
      COMMON /KAPPA/ KAP(11)
      COMMON /OMEGA/ KLAST(4), KSTOP(4)
      COMMON /SIGMA/ KSTJ(11,60)

```

COMPRESS STATEMENT BY ELIMINATING MULTIPLE BLANKS.

```

      DO 2 I=1,66
      IF (JOB(1).NE.KBL) GO TO 3
      CONTINUE
      RETURN

      JOB(1)=JOB(1)
      J=1
      IB=I+1
      DO 4 I=IB,66
      IF (JOB(I).EQ.KBL.AND.JOB(I-1).EQ.KBL) GO TO 4
      J=J+1
      JOB(J)=JOB(I)
      CONTINUE

      IB=J+1
      DO 5 I=IB,66
      JOB(I)=KBL
      CENTER HEADING.

      IB=(66-J)/2
      I=J+IB
      JOB(I)=JOB(J)
      J=J-1
      IF (J) 7,7,6

      ELIMINATE REMAINING NON-BLANKS.

      IF (I.EQ.1) RETURN
      IB=I-1
      DO 8 I=1,IB
      JOB(I)=KBL
      RETURN
      END

```

```

100   100
200   200
300   300
400   400
500   500
600   600
700   700
800   800
900   900
1000  1000
1100  1100
1200  1200
1300  1300
1400  1400
1500  1500
1600  1600
1700  1700
1800  1800
1900  1900
2000  2000
2100  2100
2200  2200
2300  2300
2400  2400
2500  2500
2600  2600
2700  2700
2800  2800
2900  2900
3000  3000
3100  3100
3200  3200
3300  3300
3400  3400
3500  3500
3600  3600
3700  3700
3800  3800
3900  3900
4000  4000
4100  4100
4200  4200
4300  4300
4400  4400
4500  4500
4600  4600
4700  4700
4800  4800
4900  4900
5000  5000

```

```
SUBROUTINE ERREND
COMMON ITYPE, JOB(60), KARD(1326), KBUFF(100), KLEAR(8), KMAX, KODE, KOL
COMMON /ALPH/ KBL, XASC(26), XDIG(10), KSPK(11)
CALL ERROR
DO 15 IZKOL = KMAX
   IF ( KARD(1) .EQ. KSPK(2) ) GO TO 25
   IF ( KARD(1) .EQ. KSPK(5) ) GO TO 25
CONTINUE
15  RETURN
      KOL = KOL - 5
      N = I-ZKOL-1
      CALL MOVER( 0, DUMMY, DUMMY, N )
      RETURN
END
```

25

100
200
300
400
500
600
700
800
900
1000
1100
1200
1300
1400

```
SUBROUTINE ERROR
COMMON 139085(9685),NERR,NERO,HEKEY
COMMON /TAPES/ N1, N2, N3, N4, N5, N6
      CALL PAG (1)
      WRITE (N6,2)
      NERR = NERR+1
      RETURN
      FORMAT(' ## SYNTAX ##')
      END
```

```
100
200
300
400
500
600
700
800
900
1000
```

```

SUBROUTINE EARN( K,L,IFMT )
  INTEGER#2 IFMT(2,1)
  NG = 6
  CALL PAG(1)
C   CONTINUE
  120   1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   11   12
      80 TO 1 160,163,165,168,170,173,175,178,183,185,187,190
      1   . 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18
C   2   13  WRITE( IN6, 9016 )
      GO TO 140
  14  WRITE( IN6, 9017 ) ( IFMT(1,1), I=1,4 )
      GO TO 140
  15  WRITE( 6, 9915 )
      GO TO 140
  16  WRITE( IN6, 89 )
      GO TO 140
  17  WRITE( 6, 205 )
      GO TO 140
  18  WRITE( 6, 9018 ) ( IFMT(1,1), I=1,L )
      GO TO 140
C   160  WRITE( IN6, 9003 ) IFMT(1,L)
      GO TO 140
  163  WRITE( IN6, 9004 )
      GO TO 140
  165  WRITE( IN6, 9005 )
      GO TO 140
  166  WRITE( IN6, 9006 ) IFMT(1,L)
      GO TO 140
  167  WRITE( IN6, 9007 ) IFMT(1,L)
      GO TO 140
  173  WRITE( IN6, 9008 ) IFMT(1,L)
      GO TO 140
  175  WRITE( IN6, 9009 )
      GO TO 140
  178  WRITE( IN6, 9010 )
      GO TO 140
  183  WRITE( IN6, 9012 )
      GO TO 140
  185  WRITE( IN6, 9013 )
      GO TO 140
  187  WRITE( IN6, 9014 )
      GO TO 140
  190  WRITE( IN6, 9015 ) IFMT(1,L)
      GO TO 140
C   140  CONTINUE
C   RETURN
C
  69   1 5X,4(6H*****)/1X
      205   FORMAT('0** JOB TERMINATING FOR TOO MANY PARENS.')
      9003  FORMAT('1 CHARACTER ',A1,' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT TYPE.')
      9004  FORMAT('1 NO LEADING COUNT OF HOLLERITH CHARACTERS.')
C
  C   FORMAT(1H0,9X,SH***** ,5X,4(6H*****),5X,21HMISSING END STATEMENT,
      5000
      5100
      5200
      5300
      5400
      5500

```

```

9005  FORMAT(' TWO SUCCESSIVE LETTERS.')
9006  FORMAT(' P MULTIPLIER USED ON ',A1,') FORMAT(')
9007  FORMAT(1XA1,' FORMAT NOT IN ANSI SUBSET LANGUAGE.')
9008  FORMAT(1XA1,' FORMAT NOT ANSI STANDARD.')
9009  FORMAT(' NO LEADING COUNT ON (X) FORMAT.')
9010  FORMAT(' Z FORMAT NOT ASA STANDARD.')
9011  FORMAT(' NO LEADING COUNT ON L PAREN IN FORMAT.')
9012  FORMAT(' MORE THAN ONE PERIOD IN A STRING.')
9013  FORMAT(' TROUBLE IN AN APOST. HOLLERITH FORMAT.')
9014  FORMAT(' A STRING ENDING WITH (' ,A1,) DID NOT HAVE ALL THE RIGHT
9015  STUFF.')

9016  FORMAT(' ARGUMENTS ON AN ENTRY STATEMENT ARE NOT ALLOWED IN THE CD
9017  C 6600 FORTRAN LANGUAGE.')
9018  FORMAT(1XA2,' IS NOT A FORTRAN-SUPPLIED SUBPROGRAM ON THE CDC 6600
9019  FORMAT(' MM STATEMENT TYPE NOT ALLOWED IN IBM FORTRAN: ',SA2)
9020  FORMAT(' HEX')
9021  END

```

```

SUBROUTINE FNCHEK( KEY )
  INTEGER COUNT1(40), COUNT2(38)
  LOGICAL1 TEX1(10,1), BLANK, STAR
  C--- ONLY FIRST 8 CHARACTERS ON NAME NEEDED FOR SUBPROGRAM TRANSL.

```

```

C--- RETURN MATCH FOUND. IF UNTRANSLATABLE, PRINT OUT ERROR MESSAGE
C--- 21 IF ( KEY 'BT' 0 ) GO TO 25
C--- INTRINSIC FUNCTION NAME FOUND IN EXTERNAL STATEMENT. FLAG
C--- IN TEXT1 SO THAT NO CONVERSION TAKES PLACE.
C---     TEXL1(1,1) = STAR

C--- RETURN
C--- 25 IF ( 1 .GT. NTR ) GO TO 41
C---     IF ( 1 .GT. NDT ) GO TO 31
C---     NAME = TEXT2(1)
C---     CALL MOVER( COUNT2(1)+1 ,NAME, 1 ,COUNT1(1) )
C---     IF ( SYMTAB(ILOC) .NE. TEXT1(1) ) RETURN
C---     REMOVE OLD NAME FROM SYMBOL TABLE
C---     ILOC = ILOC-1
C---     CALL UPDATE
C---     RETURN
C---     ELIMINATE FUNCTION NAME DBLE OR SNGL.

C--- 31 K = KOL
C---     KOL = K-5
C---     CALL MOVER( 0 ,DUMMY, DUMMY, COUNT1(1) )
C---     KOL = K
C---     IF ( SYMTAB(ILOC) .EQ. TEXT1(1) ) ILOC = ILOC-1
C---     RETURN
C---     UNTRANSLATABLE NAME
C--- 41 CALL ERR( 14 ,DUMMY, NAME )
C---     RETURN
C---     INITIALIZE
C---     DO 111 I=1 ,NFS
C---     111 TEXL1(1,I) = BLANK
C---     RETURN
C---     END

```

```

SUBROUTINE FORTAN ( KMAX, IFMT, DTEFLG )
C----- 360 TO 6600 FORMAT TRANSLATOR.
C
      INTEGER*2 IFMT(12,1), LEE, LHH, KBL, INO, IANS, LPAREN, RPAREN
      INTEGER*2 KEYCHR, JCARD
      LOGICAL*4 DTEFLG
      LOGICAL*4 LOGICALN4
      LOGICAL*1 JHCOM
      DIMENSION IANS(4), INO(10)
      COMMON / DELTA/ MOVE, JCARD(2,80), ICARD(1600), IOL, NCARD
      *          , OSTMTH, FIRSTSB, IC, JC
      DATA LEE / 1HE / LHH / 1HH / KBL / 1H /
      DATA INO / 1H0,1H1,1H2,1H3,1H4,1H5,1H6,1H7,1H8,1H9 /
      C----- INITIALIZATION.
      CALL ICHAR( IFMT, KMAX )
      K = 0
      L = 0
      ASSIGN 120 TO NGO
      ASSIGN 20 TO NGO
      LPAREN = 0
      RPAREN = 0
      EFGFLG = .FALSE.
      NG = 6
      C----- MOVE FORMAT STATEMENT NO. (ASSUME NO. EXISTS.)
      DO 10 I=1,6
      K = K + 1
      L = L + 1
      JCARD(1,K) = IFMT(1,L)
      C----- ASSUME THE STRING "FORMAT" EXISTS.
      10   C
      20   L = L + 1
      30   IF ( IFMT(2,L) .EQ. 48 ) GO TO 20
      *      IF ( IFMT(2,L) .EQ. 39 ) ASSIGN 50 TO NGO
      *      ASSIGN 40 TO NGO
      *      GO TO 700
      40   50   GO TO NGO, 1 20,50,1
      LPAREN = LPAREN + 1
      GO TO 126
      C----- A STRING OF SOMETHING HAS BEEN COMPLETED. DID IT CONTAIN
      C----- ALL THE RIGHT THINGS.
      120  IF ( JHCOM .AND. LCOMA ) GO TO 126
      *      IF ( .NOT. LLEAD ) GO TO 190
      *      IF ( .NOT. LPMLT ) GO TO 190
      *      IF ( .NOT. LLETTR ) GO TO 190
      *      IF ( .NOT. LPEND ) GO TO 190
      *      IF ( .NOT. LCOMA ) GO TO 190
      *      CONTINUE
      126

```

```

ASSIGN 140 TO M80
KOUNT = 0
C----- PREPARE FOR A STRING OF SOMETHING. WE WILL WANT TO CHECK
C----- AT THE END OF THE STRING TO SEE THAT NO ILLEGAL STRING WAS
C----- ENCOUNTERED.
C
130    LLEAD = .FALSE.
      LPNLIT = .FALSE.
      ILLETTR = .FALSE.
      LPERD = .FALSE.
      LCOMA = .FALSE.
      JHCOM = .TRUE.
      GO TO 150
C----- CONTINUE
140    IF (L .GT. KMAX ) GO TO 730
      KOG = IFMT(2,L)
      GO TO ( 210,170,160,240,238,240,230,280,210,160,210,160,
              A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M,
              N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z,
              160,178,360,160,160,250,260,160,160,440,160,178,
              0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,
              470,470,470,470,470,470,470,470,470,470,470,580,590,
              /, *, #, $, %, ^, &, _,
              600,610,160,160,670,650,160,670,150,160 ), KOG
C----- PICK UP NEXT CHARACTER.
150    L = L + 1
      IF (L .GT. KMAX ) GO TO 730
C
151    GO TO ( 210,170,160,240,238,240,230,280,210,160,210,160,
              A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M,
              N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z,
              160,178,360,160,160,250,260,160,160,440,160,178,
              0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,
              470,470,470,470,470,470,470,470,470,470,470,580,590,
              /, *, #, $, %, ^, &, _,
              600,610,160,160,670,650,160,670,150,160 ), KOG
C----- B, C, J, K, M, N, O, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, Y, Z, ., +, -, *, $, NO MATCH, OR ERROR.
160    KERR = 1
      GO TO 195
164    KERR = 2
      GO TO 195
165    KERR = 3
      GO TO 195
168    KERR = 4
      GO TO 195
170    IF (I .IFMT(2,L+1) .EQ. 14 .OR. IFMT(2,L+1) .EQ. 26 ) GO TO 220
      GO TO 195
173    KERR = 6
      ASSIGN 126 TO MGO
      GO TO 195
175    KERR = 7
      GO TO 195
178    KERR = 8
      GO TO 195
183    KERR = 9
      GO TO 195
185    KERR = 10
      GO TO 195
187    KERR = 11
      GO TO 195

```

```

100      KERR = 12      CALL ERA ( KERR, L, IFNT )
       GO TO 126
C
195      CALL ERA ( KERR, L, IFNT )
       LLEAD = .TRUE.
       LPMULT = .TRUE.
       LLLETR = .TRUE.
       LPEND = .TRUE.
       LCONA = .TRUE.
       GO TO 700
C
C      --- A FORMAT. LEADING NO. OK. LAGGING NO. OK. LEAD LETTER NOT.
C
210      IF ( LLETR ) GO TO 165
       IF ( LPMULT ) GO TO 168
       LLEAD = .TRUE.
       LPMULT = .TRUE.
       LLLETR = .TRUE.
       LPEND = .TRUE.
       GO TO 700
C      --- TEST FOR BN OR BZ
220      ASSIGN 225 TO M80
       GO TO 700
225      ASSIGN 126 TO M80
       GO TO 700
C
C      --- G FORMAT: NOT IN ANSI SUBSET
230      IF ( LLETR ) GO TO 165
       KERR = 5      CALL ERA ( KERR, L, IFNT )
       IFNT(1,L) = LEE
C
C      --- E. TEST IF OF FORM EW, DEE
238      IF ( NOT LLETR ) GO TO 242
       IF ( KE.EQ.4 .OR. KE.EQ.5 .OR. KE.EQ.7 ) GO TO 239
       GO TO 178
239      IF ( NOT LPEND .OR. NE .GT. 1 ) GO TO 178
       NE = NE + 1
       GO TO 700
C
C      --- D FORMAT. LEADING P OK. LEADING NO. OK. LAGGING NO. OK.
C      --- LATER PERIOD REQUIRED. LEADING LETTER NOT OK.
C
240      IF ( LLETR ) GO TO 165
       NE = 0
       KE = KOB
       LPMULT = .TRUE.
       LLEAD = .TRUE.
       LLLETR = .TRUE.
       LPEND = .FALSE.
       LCONA = .FALSE.
       GO TO 700
250      CONTINUE
260      CONTINUE
       GO TO 160
C

```

```

C----- H FORMAT. MOVE 'KOUNT' CHARACTERS.
C
C 280   IF ( LLETR ) GO TO 165
C      IF ( NOT ) LLEAD ) GO TO 164
C      IF ( LPMLT ) GO TO 168
C      LCOMA = 'TRUE'
C      ASSIGN 281 TO M60
C      GO TO 700
C      K = K - 1
C      CONTINUE
C      K = K + 1
C      L = L + 1
C      IF ( IFMT(1,L) .EQ. 47 ) GO TO 2810
C      JCARD(1,K) = IFMT(1,L)
C      KOUNT = KOUNT - 1
C      IF ( KOUNT .GT. 0 ) GO TO 281
C      GO TO 126
C
C----- P FORMAT. LEADING NO. OK. A D,E,F, OR Q MUST EVENTUALLY
C----- FOLLOW.
C
C 282   IF ( IFMT(1,L) .EQ. 47 ) GO TO 2810
C 283   JCARD(1,K) = IFMT(1,L)
C      KOUNT = KOUNT - 1
C      IF ( KOUNT .GT. 0 ) GO TO 281
C      GO TO 126
C
C----- X FORMAT. LEADING NUMBER MUST EXIST. LEADING LETTER NOT OK.
C
C 360   LPMLT = 'TRUE'
C      LCOMA = 'FALSE'
C      GO TO 700
C
C----- A NUMBER. CAN I HAVE A NUMBER NOW.
C
C 440   IF ( LLETR ) GO TO 165
C      IF ( NOT ) LLEAD ) GO TO 175
C      IF ( LPMLT ) GO TO 168
C      LLETR = 'TRUE'
C      LCOMA = 'TRUE'
C      ASSIGN 126 TO M60
C      GO TO 700
C
C----- A COMMA. CAN WE HAVE A COMMA HERE.
C
C 470   IF ( LLEAD ) GO TO 474
C 472   LLEAD = 'TRUE'
C      KOUNT = IFMT(2,L) - 27
C      GO TO 700
C 474   IF ( LLETR ) GO TO 700
C      IF ( LPMLT ) GO TO 472
C      KOUNT = 10KOUNT + IFMT(2,L) - 27
C      GO TO 700
C
C----- L. PAREN. MUST BE PRECEDED BY A NUMBER.
C
C 580   CONTINUE
C 583   LCOMA = 'TRUE'
C      ASSIGN 120 TO M60
C      GO TO 700
C
C

```

```

      CONTINUE
      LPAREN = LPAREN + 1
      LLEAD = TRUE.
      LPMLT = TRUE.
      LLETTR = TRUE.
      LPEND = TRUE.
      GO TO 583
C----- A SLASH.  SLASHES CAN COME ANYWHERE COMMAS CAN.
C----- CONTINUE
      GO TO 583
C----- R. PAREN.  LIKE A SLASH OR A COMMA.
      RPAREN = RPAREN + 1
      GO TO 583
C----- A PERIOD.  CAN I HAVE A PERIOD HERE.
      IF ( LPEND ) GO TO 185
      LPEND = TRUE.
      GO TO 700
C----- AN APOST.  SHIFT INTO HOLLERITH.
      IF ( LLEAD ) GO TO 187
      IF ( LPMLT ) GO TO 187
      IF ( LLETTR ) GO TO 187
      IF ( LPEND ) GO TO 187
      KEYCHR = IFMT(1,L)
      CONTINUE
      KOUNT = 0
      KK = L
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1
      IF ( KOUNT .GT. 1600 ) GO TO 677
      KK = KK + 1
      IF ( IFMT(1,KK) .NE. KEYCHR ) GO TO 673
C----- SECOND APOST.  ENCOUNTERED.
      KSAV = KK
      KK = KK + 1
      IF ( IFMT(1,KK) .NE. KEYCHR ) GO TO 676
C----- DOUBLE APOST.
      IFMT(1,KK) = 47
      IFMT(2,KK) = 48
      GO TO 673
      KK = KSAV
      IFMT(1,KK) = KBL
      IFMT(2,KK) = 48
      GO TO 678
      CALL PAGE ( 1 )
      WRITE ( N69037 )
      KOUNT = KOUNT - 1
      NO = KOUNT
C----- 27500

```

```

C----- BUILD '3SH' IF KOUNT IS 35.
C----- DO 680 I=1,4
      NPY = 10**N(4-1)
      NMOD = NO / NPY
      IANS(1) = INO(NMOD+1)
      NO = NO - NMODNPY
      DO 682 I=1,4
        IF ( IANS(1) .NE. INO(1) ) GO TO 683
        IANS(1) = KBL
        DO 686 I=1,4
          IF ( IANS(1) .EQ. KBL ) GO TO 686
          K = K + 1
          JCARD(1,K) = IANS(1)
        CONTINUE
        K = K + 1
        JCARD(1,K) = LHH
        GO TO 281
C----- C----- BUMP K. STORE A CHARACTER. GO GET THE NEXT ONE.
C----- C----- 683   684   686
C----- C----- 686
C----- C----- 688   700
C----- C----- 730   740
C----- C----- 9030  9037
C----- 27600
C----- 27700
C----- 27800
C----- 27900
C----- 28000
C----- 28100
C----- 28200
C----- 28300
C----- 28400
C----- 28500
C----- 28600
C----- 28700
C----- 28800
C----- 28900
C----- 29000
C----- 29100
C----- 29200
C----- 29300
C----- 29400
C----- 29500
C----- 29600
C----- 29700
C----- 29800
C----- 29900
C----- 30000
C----- 30100
C----- 30200
C----- 30300
C----- 30400
C----- 30500
C----- 30600
C----- 30700
C----- 30800
C----- 30900
C----- 31000
C----- 31100
C----- 31200
C----- 31300

```

```

SUBROUTINE IMPSET( IDX )
  INTEGER COMMA, RPAREN
  LOGICAL UPDATT
  COMMON /TYPE,JOB(6),KARD(1320),KBUFF(180),KLEAR(8),KMAX,KODE,KOL,K
  1 R$X,LIST(19),LOCN,MINA,MAXA,NCHAR,NEXT,WAT,NREC,NROUT,NSYM
  2 -NERA,NERO,MEKEY
  COMMON /ALPH/ KBL,KABC(26),KDIG(10),KSPK(11)
  COMMON /HASH/ ILOC,LOC,NAME,IVAL
  COMMON /XUPDAT/ UPDATT,ICDICT(27)
  DATA COMMA,RPAREN / 1H., 1H /
  UPDATT = TRUE
  IFLAG = ABS( ITYPE )
  IF ( IFLAG .GT. 18 ) GO TO 25
  GO TO 25, 3, 25, 5, 6, 25, 8, 25, 25, 12, 13, 25, 25, 25, 18
  *          IFLAG
  3 KEY = IVAL + 5
  GO TO 50
  6 KEY = 2
  GO TO 50
  12 KEY = 3
  GO TO 50
  13 KEY = 4
  GO TO 50
  18 KEY = 5
  GO TO 50
  5 CONTINUE
  8 CONTINUE
  25 KEY = 0
  CONTINUE
C---   FIND FIRST CHARACTER
  95 DO 96 I=1,26
      IF ( KARD(KOL) .EQ. KABC(1) ) GO TO 97
  96 CONTINUE
  GO TO 105
C---   FIND SECOND CHARACTER
  97 IF ( KARD(KOL+1) .EQ. KSPK(7) ) GO TO 970
      J = 1
  98 CONTINUE
  GO TO 99
  99 KOL = KOL+2
  DO 100 K=I,J
      ICDICT(K) = KEY
  100 TEST FOR END OF STATEMENT
      IF ( KARD(KOL+1) .NE. COMMA ) GO TO 101
      KOL = KOL+2
  101 IF ( KARD(KOL+1) .NE. RPAREN ) GO TO 105
      IF ( KOL+2 .GE. KMAX ) GO TO 120
      KOL = KOL+2
      IDX = 1
      GO TO 150
      ERRORS
C---
```

```
105: CALL ERROR
     OUPDAT = .FALSE.
     IDX = 2
     CONTINUE
     IF (OUPDAT) CALL SETTMP
     RETURN
     END
```

```
8800
8700
8600
8500
8400
8300
8200
```

SUBROUTINE INPUT
 THIS SUBROUTINE READS ALL INPUT CARDS AND CHECKS THEM FOR COMMENTS
 AND CONTROL STATEMENTS.
 THE STATEMENT IS PACKED IN THE SUPER-CARD ARRAY;
 KARD, KMAX IS THEN SET TO THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS IN KARD THAT
 CONTAIN VALID DATA.

```

LOGICAL N1,OSEQQ2(10),OCHAR
LOGICAL OSTMTN,FRSTSB,KSB0,KCDO, YES
REAL N8 SEQ1, SEQ2, SEQ3, SEQ0
COMMON /SEQ/ SEQ1, SEQ2, SEQ3
COMMON /TYPE/ JOB(66),KARD(1326),KBUFF(180),KLEAR(8),KMAX,KODE,KOL,K
1 RSYX,LIST(1819),LOCN,MINA,MAXA,NCHAR,NEXT,NRT,NREC,NROUT,NSYM
2 NERR,NERO,NEMKET
COMMON /ALPH/ KBL,KABC(26),KDIG(10),KSPK(11)
COMMON /BETA/ MXCH,MXL1,M15B,LINE,NPAGE,KSBO, KCDO,KOUT(80)
COMMON /DELTA/ MOVE,JCARD(80),ICARD(1600), IOL, NCARD
COMMON /KAPPA/ KAP(11)
COMMON /OMEGA/ KLAST(4),KSTOP(4)
COMMON /SIGMA/ KSTIJ(11,60)
COMMON /TAPES/ N1,N2,N3,N4,N5,N6
EQUIVALENCE (KBUFF(1),KB1),(KBUFF(6),KB6)
EQUIVALENCE (OSEQQ2(1),SEQ2),(OCHAR,ICHAR)
DATA SEQ0 / BH0000000000 /

```

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
=	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

CHECK FOR FIRST CALL.
 KCDO = TRUE

IF (NPAGE) 2,2,4

THIS IS FIRST CALL. LOAD EMPTY BUFFER, KBUFF.

CONTINUE

CALL READ(KBUFF, 451)

GO TO 52

CALL STARL(KBUFF)

NPAGE = 1

SEQ1 = SEQ0

SEQ3 = SEQ2

DO 3 I=1,72

IF (KBUFF(1).NE.KBL) GO TO 44

CONTINUE

GO TO 2

SEQ1 = SEQ2

IF (MOVE .LT. 0) GO TO 44

IF (MOVE .EQ. 0) GO TO 411

```

      KOL = MIN(1,KOL, KMAX ) CALL MOVE(1,0,DUMMY, DUMMY,0 )
      IF ( MOVE .EQ. 1 ) CALL MOVE(1,0,DUMMY, DUMMY,0 )
      JC = JC - 1
      CALL TRANCE( JCARD,JC )
      GO TO 44
  411   KOL = KOL - 1
      IF ( KRSX .NE. KSPK(10) ) KOL = KMAX
      CALL TRANCE( KARD,KOL )
      MOVE = 0
      JC = 0
      NROUT = 0
      FIRSTSB = .TRUE.
      IF ( KRSX .EQ. KSPK(10) ) GO TO 42
      IF ( NREC ) 5,5,8
      C
      SET UP PAGE CAPTION.
  5     55   IF (KBUFF(11).EQ.KSPK(8)) GO TO 360
          CALL EQUAT4( 66,JOB,KBUFF(7) )
          CALL CENTOR
          GO TO 8
      C
      COPY THROUGH COMMENTS. LOOKING FOR FORTRAN STATEMENTS.
  6     61   CONTINUE
          CALL TRANCE( KBUFF,72 )
          CALL READ( KBUFF, 461 )
          GO TO 62
  62   CALL STARL( KBUFF )
          CONTINUE
  8     62   IF (KB1.EQ.KABC(3).OR.KB1.EQ.KSPK(10)) GO TO 7
          IF (KB1.EQ.KSPK(8)) GO TO 37
          C----- FLAG CONTINUATION CARDS INTERSPERSED WITH COMMENTS.
          IF ( KB6 .EQ. KBL .OR. KB6 .EQ. KDIG(1) ) GO TO 80
          CALL ERROR
      C
      HAVE FORTRAN STATEMENT. START PACKING KARD.
  90    NREC=NREC+1
          NCARD = NCARD+1
          CALL EQUAT4( 80,KOUT,KBUFF )
          CALL EQUAT4( 72,KARD,KBUFF )
          K7=7
          K72=72
      C
      C LOOK FOR CONTINUATION CARDS AND PACK IN KARD.
  10    DO 13 J=2,20
          CALL READ( KBUFF, 471 )
          GO TO 72
  71    CALL STARL( KBUFF )
          CONTINUE
  72    IF ( KBUFF(11).NE. KABC(3) ) GO TO 105
          C----- ELIMINATE COMMENT CARDS INTERSPERSED WITH CONTINUATIONS.
          CALL TRANCE( KBUFF,72 )

```

```

105      GO TO 10
106      DO 11   I=1,72
107          IF (KBL.NE.KBL) GO TO 12
108          CONTINUE
109      GO TO 10
110
C      12      1   IF (KBL.EQ.KABC(3).OR.KB1.EQ.KSPK(4).OR.KB1.EQ.KBL.EQ.
111          K72K7+66.EQ.KD1G(1)) GO TO 16
112          CALL EQUAT4( 66,KARD(K7),KBUFF(7) )
113          L = 72
114          DO 13   I=1,8
115              L = L+1
116              ICHAR = KBUFF(L)
117              OSEQ2(I) = OCHAR
118
C      13      1   NINETEEN CONTINUATION CARDS. LOAD EMPTY BUFFER.
119
C      14      CALL READ( KBUFF, 481)
120      GO TO 82
121      CALL STARL( KBUFF )
122      CONTINUE
123      DO 15   I=1,72
124          IF (KBUFF(I).NE.KBL) GO TO 16
125          CONTINUE
126      GO TO 14
127
C      15      GET STATEMENT NUMBER, IF ANY.
128
C      16      KODE=0
129      OSTMTN = .FALSE.
130      DO 19   I=1,5
131          IF (KARD(I).EQ.KBL) GO TO 19
132          DO 17   J=1,10
133              IF (KARD(J).EQ.KD1G(J)) GO TO 18
134              CONTINUE
135              IF (KARD(I).NE.KSPK(4)) GO TO 20
136              ---- JCL SKIP CARD
137              CALL PAGE( 1 )
138              WRITE (6,170)
139              FORMAT(10X,25HNN JCL CARD DELETED. **)
140      GO TO 44
141      IF (IJ.EQ.1 AND KODE.EQ.0) GO TO 19
142      OSTMTN = .TRUE.
143      GO TO 20
144      CONTINUE
145
C      17      SQUEEZE OUT ALL BLANKS. PUT BLANK IN KARD(1), AND START SQUEEZE
146          IN KARD(2).
147
C      18      KMAX = K7 + 65
148      KARD(6)=KBL
149      CONTINUE
150      RETURN
151
C      19
152
C      20
153
C      36
154
C

```

LOOK FOR #LAST OR #STOP CONTROL CARDS.

```

SUBROUTINE INSRTA( L1, TEXT, NCHAR, KEY )
  INTEGER BLANK, EQUAL, JCARD(180), PCARD, PHAX
  LOGICAL OSTMTN, FRSTSB
  REALAS SEQ1, SEQ2, SEQ3
  COMMON /SEQ1/ SEQ1, SEQ2, SEQ3
  COMMON /SEQ2/ SEQ1, SEQ2, SEQ3
  COMMON /SEQ3/ SEQ1, SEQ2, SEQ3
  COMMON ITYPE, JOB(66), KARD(1326), KBUFF(180), KLEAR(80), KMAX, KODE, KOL, K
  1  RSX, LIST(18191), LOCN, MINA, MAXA, NCHXX, NEXT, MRT, NREC, NROUT, NSYM
  2  NIERN, HERO, MEMKEY
  COMMON /ALPH/ KBL, KABC(120), KD18(10), KSPK(11)
  COMMON /DELTA/ MOVE, PCARD(180), ICARD(1600), IOL, NCARD
  1  COMMON /TAPES/ N1, N2, N3, N4, N5, N6
  EQUIVALENCE ( OCHAR, ICHAR ) ( BLANK, KBL ) ( OSEQ1(1), SEQ1 )
C----- GENERATE SEPARATE FORTRAN STATEMENT FOR DELETED TEXT
C----- IF THE ORIGINAL STATEMENT HAD A STATEMENT NUMBER AND IF
C----- THIS IS THE FIRST NEW STATEMENT GENERATED FROM THE ORIGINAL
C----- STATEMENT, PUT THE STATEMENT NUMBER FIELD INTO THIS CARD.
C----- OTHERWISE, BLANK OUT STATEMENT NUMBER FIELD.
C----- IF ( OSTMTN .AND. FRSTSB ) GO TO 20
  DO 10 I=1,6
    JCARD(I) = BLANK
  10  GO TO 30
  20  FRSTSB = FALSE
    CALL EQUAT4( 6, JCARD, KARD )
    DO 25 I=1,6
  25  PCARD(I) = BLANK
  30  J = 7
    IF ( NCHAR .LE. 0 ) GO TO 42
    DO 40 I=1,NCHAR
      OCHAR = TEXT(I)
      JCARD(I) = ICHAR
      J = J+1
  40  JCARD(J) = BLANK
      JCARD(J+1) = KSPK(KEY)
      JCARD(J+2) = BLANK
      J = J+3
C----- MOVE DELETED TEXT TO NEW CARD IMAGE AND BLANK OUT REMAINDER
      JMAX = 72
      IF ( L1 .GE. 0 ) GO TO 41
      JCS = -L1
      GO TO 42
  41  KOL = KOL
      KOL = L1
      CALL MOVER( 0, DUMMY, DUMMY, 0 )
      JCS = JC
      KOL = K
      CALL MOVER( 0, DUMMY, DUMMY, 0 )
      K = JCS
      JCARD(I) = KARD(K)
      K = K+1
  42  J = J+1
      IF ( J .LE. JMAX ) GO TO 50
      CALL PAGI( 1 )
      WRITE (N4,80) JCARD

```

```

CALL TRANCE( JCARD , JMAX )
DO 46 L=1,5
  JCARD(L) = BLANK
46   J = 7
      JCARD(J-1) = KSPK(8)
      IF ( K .LT. JC ) GO TO 420
50   JC = JCS
      IF ( J .EQ. 7 ) GO TO 100
      DO 70 L=J,72
70   JCARD(L) = BLANK
      CALL PAGE(1)
      WRITE (N4,80) JCARD
      CALL TRANCE( JCARD , JMAX )
      FORMAT(8X$01)
      C--- MOVE TEXT INTO OLD IMAGE AREA
      C--- 100  IF ( KEY .GT. 1 ) RETURN
      CALL MOVER( NCHAR,TEXT,1,0 )
      RETURN
      END

```

5600
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SUBROUTINE MOVER( NT, TEXT, INV, MT)
  INTEGER BLANK
  LOGICAL OSTMTN, FRSTSB
  LOGICAL#1 TEXT(1), OCHAR, OSSEQ(8)
  REAL#8 SEQ1, SEQ2, SEQ3
  COMMON /SEQ/ SEQ1, SEQ2, SEQ3
  COMMON /DELT/ MOVE, JCARD(80), ICARD(1600), IOL, NCARD
  1  COMMON ITYPE(JOB(6)), KARD(1320), KBUFF(80), KLEAR(8), KMAX, KODE, KOL, K
    1  RSX, LIST(1891), LOCH, NINA, MAXA, NCHAR, NEXT, NREC, NROUT, NSYM
    2  NERR, NERO, MEMKEY
  COMMON /ALPH/ KBL, KABC(26), KDIG(10), KSPK(11)
  COMMON /NU/ NCHM

EQUIVALENCE (OCHAR, ICHAR), (OSSEQ(1), SEQ2)

C----- DATA BLANK / 1H /
C----- TEST FOR CHARACTERS MOVED TO NEW CARD
      KOL   COLUMN COUNTER IN DEBLANKED CARD
      IC    COLUMN POINTER IN OLD CARD
      JC    COLUMN POINTER IN NEW CARD
      NT    NUMBER OF CHARACTERS FROM THE TEXT FIELD TO BE
            MOVED TO THE NEW CARD IMAGE.

      TEXT = CHARACTERS TO BE MOVED
      INV = INCREMENT IN TEXT FIELD ( 1=LOGICAL, 4=INTEGER)
      MT  = NUMBER OF NON-BLANK CHARACTERS TO SKIP AFTER THE MOVE
      IF ( JC .GT. 1 ) GO TO 10
      MOVE STATEMENT NUMBER FIELD
      1  CALL EQUAT4( 6,JCARD, KARD )
      IC = 7
      JC = 7
      MOVE = 1
      10  N = NT
          M = IABS( MT )
          NN = KOL-IC+1

C----- IF ( NN .LE. 0 ) GO TO 30
C----- MOVE KOL-IOL CHARACTERS FROM OLD CARD TO NEW CARD
      IF ( N .LT. 0 ) GO TO 20
      CALL EQUAT4( NN, JCARD(JC), KARD(IC) )
      JC = JC + NN
      IC = KOL + 1
      20  IF ( N .LE. 0 ) GO TO 50
          MOVE N CHARACTERS FROM TEXT FIELD TO NEW CARD.
          IT = 1
          DO 40 I=1, N
              OCHAR = TEXT(IT)
              IT = IT+INV
              JCARD(JC) = ICHAR
              JC = JC+1
              CONTINUE
              40  IF ( M .LE. 0 ) GO TO 55
                  COUNT PAST N NONBLANKS
                  NN = 0
                  DO 52 I=IC, KMAX
                      IF ( KARD(I) .EQ. KBL ) GO TO 52

```

```
NND = NND + 1
IF ( NND .GE. M ) GO TO 54
CONTINUE
52      KOL = 1
54      IC = 1 + 1
55      CONTINUE
      CJ,C1,LOK,TM,TN ,55555 TN1
      RETURN
      END
```

```
5600
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5800
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6000
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6200
6300
6400
6500
```

```

SUBROUTINE MULTEQ( KEQ )
DIMENSION LOCEQ(10)
COMMON /TYPE,JOB(10),KARD(1326),KBUFF(100),KLEAR(10),KMAX,KODE,KOL,K
1  RSX
      COMMON /ALPH/,KSL,/KABC(20),KD10(10),KSPK(111)
      KER = KEQ
      LOCEQ(2) = KER
      LOCEQ(1) = 6
      NEQ = 2
10    KER = KER + 1
      IF ( KARD(KER) .EQ. KBL ) GO TO 10
      IF ( KARD(KER) .GE. ZERO .AND. KARD(KER) .LE. NINE ) GO TO 80
      DO 50 I=KER, KMAX
      IF ( KARD(I) .EQ. KSPK(1) ) GO TO 100
      IF ( KARD(I) .EQ. KSPK(10) ) GO TO 80
      CONTINUE
      50   CALL SUBSUB
      GO TO 200
C----- MULTIPLE REPLACEMENT STATEMENT
100   NEQ = NEQ + 1
      KER = -
      LOCEQ(NEQ) = KER
      GO TO 10
C----- WRITE NEW CARDS FROM OLD
200   CONTINUE
      CALL EQUAT4( 6,JCARD,KARD )
      LAST = KMAX
      IF ( KARD(1) .EQ. KSPK(10) ) LAST = 1 - 1
      NEQ = NEQ - 1
      J = NEQ
      DO 250 I=1,NEQX
      KK = LOCEQ(J)
      N = LAST - KK
      CALL EQUAT4( N,JCARD(7),KARD(KK+1) )
      CALL TRANCE( JCARD, N+6 )
      JCARD(1) = KBL
      CALL EQUAT4( 5,JCARD(2),JCARD(1) )
      LAST = LOCEQ(J+1) - 1
      250   J = J - 1
      MOVE = -1
      RETURN
      END

```

C THIS SUBROUTINE DOES THE GENERAL PAGE COUNTING FOR INDEX.

```
LOGICAL KSBO, KCDO
COMMON /TYPE/ JOB(60), KARD(1326), KBUFF(180), KLEAR(8), KMAX, KODE, KOL, K
1  RSX, LIST(8191), LOCH, MINA, MAXA, NCHAR, NEXT, NRT, NREC, NROUT, NSYM
2  NERR, NERO, NEKEY
COMMON /ALPH/ KBL, KABC(120), KDIG(10), KSPK(11)
COMMON /BETA/ MXCH, MXLI, N15B, LINE, NPAGE, KSBO, KCDO, KOUT(180)
COMMON /KAPPA/ KAP(11)
COMMON /OMEGA/ KLAST(4), KSTOP(4)
COMMON /SIGMA/ KSTIJ(11, 60)
COMMON /TAPES/ N1, N2, N3, N4, NS, NG
K = IABS( N )
IF ( N .LE. 0 ) KCDO = .FALSE.
IF ( KSBO ) K = K+2
IF ( KCDO ) K = K+2
IF ( LINE+K .LE. MXLI ) GO TO 10
WRITE ( NG, 100 )
LINE = 0
10  IF ( KSBO ) WRITE ( NG, 110 ) JOB
    IF ( KCDO ) WRITE ( NG, 120 ) KOUT
    LINE = LINE+K
    KSBO = .FALSE.
    KCDO = .FALSE.
    RETURN
100  FORMAT(1H1)
110  FORMAT(1H013X6A1)
120  FORMAT(1H0 --- 80A1, SH ---)
END
```

```

100      SUBROUTINE RETANI( MODE )
100      LOGICAL N1 OTAB(1256) , ODX(4) , OCHAR
100      LOGICAL FIRST
100      COMMON ITYPE JOS(160) , KARD(1320) , KBUFF(180) , KLEAR(10) , KMAX , KODE , KOL , K
100      1 RSI LIST(1811) , LOCN , MINA , MAXA , NCHAR , NEXT , NRT , NREC , NROUT , NSYM
100      2 HERR , HERO , HEINKEY
100      COMMON /ALPH/ KBL , KABC(120) , KDIG(110) , KSPK(111)
100      COMMON /GAMMA/ OTAB
100      EQUIVALENCE ( ODX(11) , 1 ) , ( OCHAR , KRSX )
100      FIRST = .TRUE.
100      SEQ3 = SEQ2
100      NVASMT = 0
100      I = 0
100      GO TO 11
100
11      KOL = KOL - 1
11      CALL SYMBOL
11      IF ( KODE .LE. 0 ) GO TO 100
11      IF ( KODE .EQ. MINA ) CALL UPDATE
11      IF ( KODE .NOT. FIRST ) GO TO 13
11      FIRST = .FALSE.
11      TYPE = 1
11      IF ( KARD(KOL) .NE. KSPK(8) ) GO TO 13
11      C---- AN ASTERISK IN THIS POSITION INDICATES AN EXPLICIT
11      C---- TYPE DECLARATION SIZE SPECIFICATION.
11      C---- INTEGER FUNCTION CALCX2( ... )
11      LAST = KOL + 3
11      KOL = KOL - 1
11      DO 31 J=KOL , LAST
11      IF ( KARD(I+1) .EQ. KSPK(3) ) GO TO 35
11      IF ( KARD(I+1) .NE. KBL ) GO TO 31
11      I = I + 1
11      GO TO 30
11      CONTINUE
11      GO TO 41
11      C---- DROP SIZE SPECIFICATION
11      KOL = KOL - 1
11      CALL MOVER( 0 , DUMMY , DUMMY , I-KOL )
11      KOL = KOL + 1
11      CONTINUE
11      IF ( KARD( KOL ) .EQ. KSPK(4) ) KARD(KOL) = KBL
11      ODX(4) = OCHAR
11      ODX(4) = OTAB(1)
11      IF ( .LE. 36 ) GO TO 5
11      KOL = KOL + 1
11      IF ( KOL .GT. KMAX ) RETURN
11      GO TO 13
11      CONTINUE
11      RETURN
11      END

```

SUBROUTINE SIXFR7

C C THIS SUBROUTINE SHORTENS 7 CHARACTER VARIABLE NAMES TO 6
 C C CHARACTERS AND CHECKS FOR UNIQUENESS THEN ADDS THE NEW
 C C NAMES TO THE SYMBOL TABLE AND CROSSEFFERENCES OLD AND NEW
 C C NAMES.

```

C
C      DIMENSION OMN1(16), VOWEL(6), DOLLAR(2),
REALS NAME(2), SYMTAB(2,800), NEWNM(800)
INTEGER#2 IREF(800)
LOGICAL#1 OMN1(16)
LOGICAL VAXFLG, DAFLAG, CHGFLG

COMMON /TYPE/ JOB(166), KARD(1326), KBUFF(80), KLEAR(8), KMAX, KODE, KOL, K
1 RSA, LIST(161), LOCN, MINA, MAXA, NCHAR, NEXT, NRT, NREC, NROUT, NSYM
2 NEAR, NERO, NKEY
COMMON /HASH/ ILOC, LOC, NAME
COMMON /SIX7/ NEWNM, IREF
COMMON /KBL/ KBL, KABC(26), KDIG(10), KSPK(11)
COMMON /FLAGS/ DGFLAG, VAXFLG

EQUIVALENCE INAME(1), OMN1(1), OMN1(1), OMN1(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SYMTAB(1,1), LIST(4192))

DATA VOWEL /'HA, HE, HI, HO, THU, THY/
DATA CHGFLG /'FALSE, /
DATA DOLLAR /'HS, 1H,_/
DO S I=1,800
    IREF(I)=0
CONTINUE
N4=1

5
C      FIND 6 OR LESS CHARACTER NAMES IN SYMTAB AND MOVE TO NEWNM
DO 200 I=1, ILOC
    NAME(1)=SYMTAB(1,1)
    IF (OMN1(1) .NE. KBL) GO TO 200
    NEWNM(1)=NAME(1)
    CONTINUE
200
C      SEARCH FOR NAMES TO BE CHANGED
      7
      10
          N7=2
          N6=N7
          N1=N4
          DO 20 I=N1, ILOC
              IF (I .NOT. VAXFLG) GO TO 15
              IF (CHGFLG) GO TO 14
                  NAME(1)=SYMTAB(1,1)
                  NAME(2)=SYMTAB(2,1)
                  DO 240 J=N6, 16
                      IF (OMN1(1) .EQ. KBL) GO TO 16
                      IF (OMN1(1).NE. DOLLAR(1).AND.OMN1(1).NE. DOLLAR(2)) GO TO 240
                          CHGFLG=.TRUE.
                          J1=J
14

```

```

N4=1
N7=J
60 TO 50
CONTINUE
240
      NAME(1)=SYMNTAB(1,1)
      NAME(2)=SYMNTAB(2,1)
      IF(ONM1(8).EQ.KBL)GO TO 17
      CHEFLG=.FALSE.
      N4=1
      N2=1
      GO TO 30
      IF(.NOT.CHEFLG)GO TO 20
      CHEFLG=.FALSE.
      N4=1
      N2=1
      GO TO 75
      CONTINUE
      RETURN
25
      20
      25
      C      LOOK FOR LAST VOWEL IN NAME
      C      30      DO 40 J=N2,14
      IF(ONM1(17-J).EQ.KBL)GO TO 40
      DO 40 K=1,6
      IF(ONM1((17-J).NE.VOWEL(K))GO TO 40
      J=17-J
      GO TO 50
      CONTINUE
      GO TO 90
40
      40
      C      VOWEL FOUND - DELETE AND CREATE NEW NAME
      C      50      IF(IJ1.EQ.16)GO TO 70
      DO 60 J=J1,15
      ONM1(J)=ONM1(J+1)
      IF(ONM1(J+1).EQ.KBL)GO TO 71
      CONTINUE
      60      ONM1(16)=KBL
      71      IF(ICHGFLG)GO TO 10
      IF(ONM1(8).EQ.KBL)GO TO 75
      IF(IJ1.EQ.3)GO TO 90
      N2=18-J1
      GO TO 30
      C      LOOK FOR DUPLICATE
      C      75      DO 80 I=1,1LOC
      IF(NEWNM(1).NE.NAME(1))GO TO 80
      IF(IJ1.EQ.3)GO TO 90
      IF(IJ1.EQ.2)GO TO 100
      IF(IJ1.EQ.1)GO TO 115
      N2=18-J1
      GO TO 30

```

```

80  CONTINUE
C   NAME IS UNIQUE - ADD NAME TO NEWNAME AND FLAG IREF WITH THE
C   NUMBER OF CHARACTERS IN THE NEW NAME
C   NEWNAME(N4)NAME(1)
DO 85 I=3 8
  IF(OMM1(1).NE.KBL)GO TO 85
  IREF(N4)=I-2
  GO TO 86
85  CONTINUE
86  N4=N4+1
  IF(N4.LE.ILOC)GO TO 7
  GO TO 25

C   NO MORE VOWELS - DELETE LAST CHARACTER
C   J1=2
90  N3=0
  IF(OMM1(8).EQ.KBL)GO TO 97
  DO 95 I=8,16
    OMM1(I)=KBL
    CONTINUE
    ISAVE=7
    GO TO 97
97  DO 98 I=3,7
  IF(OMM1((10-I)).EQ.KBL)GO TO 98
  ISAVE=10-I
  GO TO 100
  CONTINUE
  ISAVE=3
98  ISAVE=3

C   STILL NOT UNIQUE, CHANGE LAST CHARACTER TO NUMBER
C   100  IF(IN3.EQ.10)GO TO 110
        N3=N3+1
        OMM1((ISAVE))=KDIG(IN3)
        GO TO 75

C   STILL NOT UNIQUE, CHANGE LAST CHARACTER TO LETTER
C   110  NS=0
        J1 = 1
115  IF(NS.EQ.26)GO TO 120
        NS=NS+1
        OMM1((ISAVE))=KABC(NS)
        GO TO 75
120  NAME(1)=SYMTAB(1,N4)
        NAME(2)=SYMTAB(2,N4)
        NAME(1)=SYMTAB(1,N4)
        NAME(2)=SYMTAB(2,N4)
        WRITE(6,140) NAME
        N4=N4+1
        IF(N4.LE.ILOC)GO TO 7
        GO TO 25
140  FORMAT(27HOCAN'T FIND UNIQUE NAME FOR ,A8,A8)
        END

```

SUBROUTINE SUBS(KOL1,KOL2)

C THIS SUBROUTINE SUBSTITUTES THE 6 CHARACTER NAME FOR THE 7
CHARACTER NAME.

```

LOGICAL DFLAG,VAXFLG
LOGICAL#1 OMM#1,ONS
COMPLEX#16 SYMTAB(100)
REAL#8 NEWMM#800,NAME
INTEGER#2 IREF#1000

COMMON ITYPE,JOB(66),KARD(1326),KBUFF(180),KLEAR(8),KMAX,KODE,KOL,K
1 RSX,LIST(191),LOCK,MMA,MAXA,NCHAR,NEXT,NRT,NREC,NROUT,NSYM
2 NERR,NERO,MEMKEY
COMMON /ALPH/ KBL,KABC(26),KDIG(10),KSPK(11)
COMMON /HASH/ ILOC,LOC,NAME
COMMON /FLAGS/ DFLAG,VAXFLG
COMMON /SIX7/ NEWMM,IREF

EQUIVALENCE (OMM(1),NAME)
EQUIVALENCE (ONS,KSAVE)
EQUIVALENCE (SYMTAB(1),LIST(5192))

KEND=KMAX
ITYPE=1
KOL=KOL1
KMAX=KOL2
CALL SYMBOL
CALL UPDATE
IF(IREF(ILOC).EQ.0)GO TO 70
NAME=NEWMM(ILOC)
K=KOL2-KOL1
L=K+1
DELFL=IREF(ILOC)
IF(DEL.EQ.0.OR.DEL.EQ.1)GO TO 30
IF(KOL2.EQ.KEND)GO TO 30
IF(DEL.LT.0)GO TO 20
DO 15 I=KOL2,KEND
KARD(I-DEL)=KARD(I)
15 CONTINUE
KOL2=KOL2-DEL
KEND=KEND-DEL
GO TO 30
20 DO 25 I=KOL2,KEND
COUNT=KEND+KOL2-I
KARD(COUNT-DEL)=KARD(COUNT)
25 CONTINUE
KOL2=KOL2-DEL
KEND=KEND-DEL
30 DO 40 I=KOL1,KOL2
ONS=OMM(I)+2-KOL1
KARD(I)=KSAVE
40 CONTINUE
KMAX=KEND
40 IF(.NOT.DFLAG)GO TO 70

```

```
      WRITE(6,80)SYNTAB(LOC),NEWNM(LOC)
70   RETURN
80   FORMAT(1X,A16,13H REPLACED BY ,A8,59H IN SUBROUTINE, ENTRY, FUNCTI
C ON, OR NAMED COMMON STATEMENT.)]
END
```

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5600
5700
5800
5900
6000
```

```

SUBROUTINE SLASHS( LAST )
  LOGICAL#1 OCHAN, ONAME(8)
  INTEGER#1 DATA(14)
  REALAS NAME(2), NAMER(3)
COMMON ITYPE, JOB(168), KARD(1326), KBUFF(80), XLEAR(8), KMAX, KODE, KOL, K
  1 RSA, LIST(169), LOCH, MINA, MAXA, NCHAR, NEXT, MRT, MREC, MROUT, NSYM
  2 HERR, HERO, MENKEY
COMMON /ALPH/ KBL, KABC(126), KDIG(110), KSPK(111)
COMMON /DELTA/ MOVE, JCARD(1600), ICARD(1600), IOL, NCARD
  1 OSTATN, FRSTSB, IC, JC
COMMON /HASH/ ILOC, LOC, NAME
EQUIVALENCE ( IDATA(1), NAMER(11) )
DATA NAMEA / SH DATA, 0H
  1 M = LAST-KOL
  1 IF ( M .LE. 0 ) GO TO 11
  CALL MOVER( 0, DUMMY, DUMMY, M )
  KOL = LAST
  CALL SYMBOL
C   11
C   1 )6LOK, LOK=XPI, JXP1(DRAK(1, XSRK, COL, XAMX, LOK, TNCP1, RAPI, 116 TN
C   1 NAME(2) = NAME(1)
C   1 NAME(3) = NAME(2)
CALL UPDATE
  IF ( KRSX .NE. KSPK(3) ) GO TO 13
  C----- SYMBOLS WITHIN PARENTHESES ARE SKIPPED.
  IF ( KOL .LT. MINA .OR. KODE .GT. MAXA ) GO TO 12
  12 CALL UPDATE
  IF ( KRSX .NE. KSPK(3) ) GO TO 100
  IF ( KOL .GT. KMAX ) GO TO 21
  KOL = KOL+1
  IF ( KRSX = KARD(KOL) )
  13 KOL = KOL + 1
  KRSX = KARD(KOL)
  IF ( KRSX .EQ. KBL ) GO TO 1200
  C----- TEST FOR DATA IN TYPE DEFINITION STATEMENTS
  IF ( KRSX .NE. KSPK(4) ) GO TO 11
  L1 = KOL-1
  KOL = L1
  JCS = JC
  CALL MOVER( 0, DUMMY, DUMMY, 1 )
  14 CALL SYMBOL
C   14
C   1 )6LOK, LOK=XPI, JXP1(DRAK(1, XSRK, 1A7X2, 515, '11 SHSALS '(TANR
C   1 CJ, CI, LOK, 316 TN
  IF ( KODE .LT. 0 ) GO TO 21
  IF ( KRSX .NE. KSPK(4) ) GO TO 14
  IF ( JC .GT. JCS ) L1 = -JCS
  CALL INSRT( L1, IDATA(2), 12, 4 )
  KOL = KOL+1
  GO TO 11
  21 CALL ERROR
  100 CONTINUE

```

**RETURN
END**

**\$600
\$700**

```

SUBROUTINE SORT( 180 )
REALS NAME(2), SYMTAB(2,900), BLANK, TDNAME(4), OUTBF(10), STAR
REALS SEQ1, SEQ2, SEQS
LOGICAL#1 SYML(13,1)
LOGICAL OUTDAT
LOGICAL#1 MORE, ONAME(18), ODX(4), OIDX, OTAB(256), OCNAME, OBLANK
LOGICAL TYTL / .FALSE. /
1   OOBF(1)
1   DIMENSION JCDICT(127), MX(5), JLOC(1)
COMMON ITYPE, JOB(66), KARD(1326), KBUFF(180), KLFAR(8), KMAX, KODE, KOL, K
1   RSX, LIST(1819)
COMMON /SEQ/ SEQ1, SEQ2, SEQS
COMMON /HASH/ ILOC, LOC, NAME
COMMON /XUPDAT/ XUPDAT, UPDAT, ICDDICT(27)
COMMON /GAMMA/ OTAB
EQUIVALENCE ( ONAME(1) NAME ), ( ODX(1) , IDX ), ( ODX(4) , OIDX ),
# ( OCNAME, COMMA ), ( OBLANK, BLANK ), ( OOBF(1) , OUTBF(1) ),
EQUIVALENCE ( SYMTAB(1) LIST(4192) ), ( JLOC(1) LIST(7392) )
EQUIVALENCE ( SYMTAB(1) SYML(1,1) )
DATA TDNAME / SHCOMPLEX / SHINTEGER / SHLOGICAL / SHREAL /
DATA JCDICT / 8*5, 6*3, 12*5, 0 /, COMMA, BLANK / 1H., 1H. /
IF 1 180 .EQ. 0 1 GO TO 200
TYTL = .FALSE.

IF ( ILOC .LE. 0 ) RETURN
DO 50 I=1, ILOC
  NAME(1) = SYMTAB(1,1)
  IF ( ONAME(18) .EQ. OBLANK ) GO TO 50
  IF ( TYTL ) GO TO 40
  TYTL = .TRUE.
  PRINT 70, JOB
  PRINT 80, NAME(1)
  CONTINUE
40 50 RETURN
70 FORMAT('!O!LEGAL VARIABLE NAMES IN ', 66A1 '/')
80 FORMAT(2XAS)
END

```

C

```
C-----  
SUBROUTINE STARL (K)  SUBROUTINE STARL (K) FILLS (KEFFF) WITH (NLAST).  
DIMENSION K(80), L(80)  
DATA L / 1H#, 1H#, 1H#, 1H#, 1H#, 1H#, 1H#, 1H# /  
DO 9 I=1,80  
    K(I) = L(I)  
9    RETURN  
END
```

```
100-----  
200-----  
300-----  
400-----  
500-----  
600-----  
700-----  
800-----
```

```

SUBROUTINE SUBSUB(25)
REAL N0 SNAME(25)
INTEGER AMPSND, L1(25), KCLASS(25),
COMMON /TYPE/JOB(16), KARD(1326), KBUFF(180), KLEAR(8), KMAX, KODE, KOL, K
1 RSY LIST(8191), LOCN, MINA, MAXA, NCHAR, NEXT, NRT, NREC, NROUT, NSYM
2 NERA, NERO, MENKEY
COMMON /ALPH/ KBL, KABC(26), KDIG(10), KSPK(11)
COMMON /DELTA/ MOVE, JCARD(80), ICARD(1600), IOL, NCARD
1 OSTMN, FIRSTB, IC, JC, IPAR, L1, KCLASS
COMMON /NU/ NH, KOLSA
COMMON /HASH/ ILOC, LOC
DATA AMPSND / 1HA /
DATA SNAME /
1 SH15B5B17 - SH15B5B27 - SH15B5B37 - SH15B5B47 - SH15B5B57 -
2 SH15B5B67 - SH15B5B77 - SH15B5B87 - SH15B5B97 - SH15B5B107 -
3 SH15B5B87 - SH15B5B97 - SH15B5B07 - SH15B5B107 - SH15B5B117 -
4 SH15B5B67 - SH15B5B77 - SH15B5B117 - SH15B5B127 - SH15B5B137 -
5 SH15B5BL7 - SH15B5BM7 - SH15B5BN7 - SH15B5B07 - SH15B5BP7 -
C----- LOOK FOR SUBSCRIPTED SUBSCRIPTS AND CORRECT THEM IF FOUND.
IPAR = 1
LPCNT = 0
10 IF ( KARD(IOL+1) .EQ. AMPSND ) GO TO 40
11 CALL SYMBOL
KOL6 = KOL+6
PRINT 611, IPAR, LPCNT, KOL, KMAX, LOC, KRSX, ( KARD(IPX), IPX=KOL, KOLE )
FORMAT(1, SUBSUB(11, $15, 2XA1, 2X7A1)
611 IF ( KOL .GT. KMAX ) GO TO 100
IF ( KRSX .EQ. KSPK(10) ) GO TO 100
L1(IPAR) = KOLSX
CALL UPDATE
IF ( KRSX .NE. KSPK(3) ) GO TO 20
C----- ARRAY NAME OR FUNCTION REFERENCE
KCLASS(IPAR) = LOC
ILPG = IPAR
IPAR = IPAR+1
IF ( IPAR .GT. 25 ) GO TO 200
IF ( LOC .GE. 0 ) GO TO 15
C----- ARRAY
13 CALL MOVER( 0, DUMMY, DUMMY, 0 )
L1(IPAR-1) = JC
PRINT 613, IPAR, JC
FORMAT(1, SUBSUB(13, , 615)
GO TO 10
C----- FUNCTION REFERENCE
15 K = KOL
KOL = L1(IPAR-1)
CALL FNCHEK( 1 )
PRINT 615, IPAR, K, KOL
FORMAT(1, SUBSUB(15, , 615)
GO TO 10
C----- CONTINUE
20 PRINT 620
FORMAT(1, SUBSUB(20, , 615)
IF ( KRSX .EQ. KSPK(5) ) GO TO 25
620

```

```

C---      IF ( KRSX .NE. KSPK(2) ) GO TO 10
C---      COMMA. BRANCH IF INSIDE FUNCTION
22      CONTINUE
      PRINT 622, IPAR, L1((IPAR-1), ILPQ, LPCNT, KOL
622      FORMAT(1SUBSUB 22, 6(5)
      IF ( IPAR LE 1 ) GO TO 10
      IF ( L1(IPAR-1) GE 0 ) GO TO 10
      IF ( IPAR GT 0 ) ILPQ, 1 GO TO 13
      ILPQ = ILPQ-1
      LPCNT = LPCNT+1
      KOL = KOL-1
      CALL INSRT( L1(IPAR-1), SNAME(ILPCNT), 7, 1 )
      KOL = KOL+1
      GO TO 13
C---      RIGHT PAREN. IF FIRST LEVEL. SKIP.
C---      CONTINUE
25      IPAR = IPAR-1
      PRINT 625, IPAR, L1((IPAR), ILPQ, LPCNT, KOL
625      FORMAT(1SUBSUB 25, 6(5)
      IF ( L1(IPAR) GE 0 ) GO TO 30
      IF ( IPAR GE 0 ) ILPQ, 1 GO TO 30
      ILPQ = ILPQ-1
      LPCNT = LPCNT+1
      KOL = KOL-1
      CALL INSRT( L1(IPAR), SNAME(ILPCNT), 7, 1 )
      KOL = KOL+1
      GO TO 10
      KOL = KOL+1
      IF ( KOL GT KMAX ) GO TO 100
      KRSX = KARD(KOL)
      IF ( KRSX EQ KSPK(5) ) GO TO 25
      IF ( KRSX EQ KSPK(12) ) GO TO 22
      IF ( KRSX EQ KBL ) GO TO 30
      IF ( KRSX EQ KSPK(10) ) GO TO 100
      GO TO 10
      CONTINUE
      IF ( KOL GE KMAX ) RETURN
C---      LOOK FOR XXX WHERE XX IS A STATEMENT NUMBER
C---      NOT A STATEMENT NUMBER UNLESS PRECEDED BY A ( OR
C---      IF ( KARD(KOL) .NE. KSPK(2) .AND. KARD(KOL) .NE. KSPK(3) ) GO TO 11
      KOL = KOL+1
      GO TO 10
      CONTINUE
      RETURN
100     CONTINUE
      CALL ERR( 17, DUMMY, DUMMY )
      WRITE (6,22) KARD
22      FORMAT(10X80A1)
      STOP
      END

```

THIS SUBROUTINE INSPECTS KARD STARTING AT KOL+1 FOR THE PRESENCE OF FORTRAN VARIABLES OR STATEMENT NUMBERS. IF FOUND, THE SYMBOL IS PACKED IN KODE AS A NUMBER WHOSE BASE IS 37.

LOGICAL#1 OMIN(8), ONAME(17), OCHAR, OTAB(256), ODX(4), OCHAN

LOGICAL DTOE, HUMLY

REAL#S NAME, BLANK

COMMON /LIST(1815) /LOCN, MINA, MAXA, NCHAR, NREC, NROUT, NSYM

2 NERA, NERO, MEMKEY

COMMON /ALPH/ KBL, KABC(26), KDIG(10), KSPK(11)

COMMON /MXCH/MXL1, N15B, LINE, NPAGE, KSBO, KCDO

COMMON /GAMMA/ OTAB

COMMON /DELTA/ MOVE, JCARD(1800), ICARD(1600), IOL, NCARD

OSTHNT, FRSTSB, IC, JPC, IPAR, L1(25), KLASS(25)

COMMON /KAPPA/ KAP(11)

COMMON /NU/ NH, KOLSX

COMMON /SIGMA/ KSTIJ(11,60)

COMMON /OMEGA/ KLAST(4), KSTOP(4)

COMMON /TAPES/ N1, N2, NS, N4, NS, NS

COMMON /HASH/ ILOC, LOC, NAME(2), IVAL, NUMLY

DIMENSION KSYM(37)

EQUIVALENCE (KBL, KSYM(1))

EQUIVALENCE (OMNI(1), NAME(1)), (OMNI(2), ONAME(1)), (OCHAR, KRSX),

(ODX(1),) , (OCHAN, KLSX),

* DATA BLANK / 1H /

START. SET UP INITIAL CONDITIONS.

KODE=0
NCHAR=0
I = 0
NAME(1) = BLANK
NAME(2) = BLANK

SEARCH FOR FIRST SYMBOL.

KLSX=KARD(IKOL)
KOLSX = KOL
KOL=KOL+1
IF (KOL.GT.KMAX) GO TO 23
KRSX = KARD(IKOL)
ODX(4) = OCHAN

3

PAGE 1 OF SYMBOL

```

C----- 1 ODX(4) = OTAB(1)
C----- 2 IF ( I - 37 ) .GE. 4 GO TO 3
C----- 3 BRANCH IF APOSTROPHE
C----- 4 IF ( KRSX .EQ. KSPK(11) ) GO TO 24
C----- 5 IF ( KRSX .EQ. KSPK(10) ) GO TO 230
C----- 6 IF ( KRSX .NE. KSPK(3) ) GO TO 2
C----- 7 L1(IPAR) = 0
C----- 8 KLASS((IPAR)) = 0
C----- 9 IPAR = IPAR+1
C-----10 L1(IPAR) = KOL
C-----11 GO TO 2
C-----12 C TEST IF FIRST CHARACTER IS NUMERIC.
C-----13 IF ( I .GE. 27 ) GO TO 8
C-----14 C FIRST CHARACTER IS ALPHA. TEST FOR LEADING PERIOD.
C-----15 IF FIRST ALPHA SYMBOL IS Z, CHECK FOR HEX. CONSTANT.
C-----16 IF (KLSX.EQ.KSPK(9)) GO TO 18
C-----17 IF (I.EQ.26) GO TO 19
C-----18 START ALPHA SYMBOL ASSEMBLY.
C-----19 KODE = MINA
C-----20 INCHAR=INCHAR+1
C-----21 ONAME(INCHAR) = OCHAR
C-----22 IF (INCHAR.GT.MXCH) GO TO 15
C-----23 KOL=KOL+1
C-----24 IF (KOL.GT.KMAX) GO TO 7
C-----25 KRSX=KARD(IKOL)
C-----26 ODX(4) = OCHAR
C-----27 ODX(4) = OTAB(1)
C-----28 IF ( I - 37 ) .GE. 5, 6, 7
C-----29 PACK OUT KODE WITH ANY NECESSARY BLANKS AND EXIT.
C-----30
C-----31 C CONTINUE
C-----32 RETURN
C-----33 START NUMBER ASSEMBLY.
C-----34
C-----35 C 6
C-----36 C 7
C-----37 C 8
C-----38 C 9
C-----39 C 10
C-----40
C-----41 C-----42
C-----43 C-----44
C-----45 C-----46
C-----47 C-----48
C-----49 C-----50
C-----51 C-----52
C-----53 C-----54
C-----55 C-----56
C-----56 C-----57
C-----58 C-----59
C-----59 C-----60
C-----60 C-----61
C-----61 C-----62
C-----62 C-----63
C-----63 C-----64
C-----64 C-----65
C-----65 C-----66
C-----66 C-----67
C-----67 C-----68
C-----68 C-----69
C-----69 C-----70
C-----70 C-----71
C-----71 C-----72
C-----72 C-----73
C-----73 C-----74
C-----74 C-----75
C-----75 C-----76
C-----76 C-----77
C-----77 C-----78
C-----78 C-----79
C-----79 C-----80
C-----80 C-----81
C-----81 C-----82
C-----82 C-----83
C-----83 C-----84
C-----84 C-----85
C-----85 C-----86
C-----86 C-----87
C-----87 C-----88
C-----88 C-----89
C-----89 C-----90
C-----90 C-----91
C-----91 C-----92
C-----92 C-----93
C-----93 C-----94
C-----94 C-----95
C-----95 C-----96
C-----96 C-----97
C-----97 C-----98
C-----98 C-----99
C-----99 C-----100
C-----100 C-----101
C-----101 C-----102
C-----102 C-----103
C-----103 C-----104
C-----104 C-----105
C-----105 C-----106
C-----106 C-----107
C-----107 C-----108
C-----108 C-----109
C-----109 C-----110

```

```

1 IF ( KRSX .EQ. KBL ) GO TO 10
2 IF ( NUMLY ) RETURN
3 IF ( KRSX .EQ. KABC(4) ) OR. KRSX .EQ. KABC(5) ) GO TO 16
4 IF ( KRSX .EQ. KABC(8) ) GO TO 160
5 IF ( KRSX .EQ. KABC(10) ) GO TO 230
6 IF ( KRSX .EQ. KSPK(10) ) GO TO 230
7 RETURN

C----- DECIMAL POINT FOLLOWING NUMBER. TEST FOR NUMBER
C----- CONTINUATION OR LOGICAL OPERATOR.
8 IF ( KOL .GE. KMAX ) RETURN
9 KRSX = KARD(KOL+1)

100 ODX(4) = OCHAR
101 ODX(4) = OTAB(1)
102 IF ( - 37 ) 1105; 1110, 28
103 IF ( - 1 ) GE. 27 ) GO TO 10
104 KOL = KOL+1
105 IF ( - 1 .GE. 16 ) GO TO 15
106 A D E G
107 GO TO ( 10, 15, 15, 16, 12, 15, 18, 15, 15, 16, 15, 16, 18 ), 1
108 KOL = KOL + 1
109 GO TO 11
110 IF ( KARD(KOL+1) EQ. KABC(17) ) GO TO 18
111 IF ( KARD(KOL+1) .NE. KBL ) GO TO 10
112 KOL = KOL + 1
113 GO TO 12
114
115 C----- INVALID SYMBOL. SCAN TO NEXT SPECIAL CHARACTER.
116 C----- CALL ERROR
117 C----- IVAL = 1326

120 C----- HOLLERITH FIELD. SUPPRESS D TO E CONVERSION.
121 DTOE = FALSE
122 KMAX = MIN( KOL+IVAL, KMAX )
123 GO TO 165
124
125 C----- NUMBER.
126 DTOE = TRUE
127 KMAX = KMAX
128 IF ( DTOE .AND. KRSX .EQ. KABC(4) ) KARD(KOL) = KABC(5)
129 KOL=KOL+1
130 KODE = 1
131 IF ( KOL .GT. KMAX ) GO TO 23
132 KRSX = KARD(KOL)
133 DO 17 I=1,9
134 IF ( KRSX .EQ. KSPK(I) ) RETURN
135 CONTINUE
136 IF ( KRSX .EQ. KSPK(10) ) GO TO 230
137 GO TO 165

C----- SKIP OVER LOGICAL OPERATORS OR CONSTANTS.
138 C----- KOL=KOL+1
139 IF ( KOL .GT. KMAX ) RETURN
140 IF ( KARD(KOL) .NE. KSPK(9) ) GO TO 18
141 GO TO 165

```

```

C   FIRST SYMBOL IS Z. SCAN LINE FOR POSSIBLE NZ. CONSTANT.
C-- TEST FOR DATA STATEMENT
C   19  CONTINUE
      IF ( ITYPE .EQ. 7 ) GO TO 190
      IF ( KARD(KOL+1) .NE. KSPK(11) ) GO TO 5
      190     IVAL = 0
              KB1 = KOL+1
              DO 21 IB=KB1,KMAX
                  DO 20 J=1,10
                      IF (KARD(IB) .NE. KDPG(J)) GO TO 20
                      IVAL = 16*IVAL + J - 1
                  20     GO TO 21
              CONTINUE
              DO 200 J=1,6
                  IF ( KARD(IB) .NE. KABC(J) ) GO TO 200
                  IVAL = 16*IVAL + J + 9
              200    GO TO 21
              CONTINUE
              IF ( KARD(1B) .NE. KBL ) GO TO 22
              CONTINUE
              21     IF ( KARD(1B) .NE. KBL ) GO TO 22
              22     KB2 = IB-1
              IB=KARD(1B)
              IF (IB.EQ.KSPK(2).OR.IB.EQ.KSPK(4).OR.IB.EQ.KSPK(5).OR.IB.EQ.KSPK(
              1,6).OR.IB.EQ.KSPK(7).OR.IB.EQ.KSPK(8).OR.IB.EQ.KSPK(11)) GO TO 220
              160    GO TO 5
              220    IF ( KB2 .GE. KB1 ) CALL ERR( 15,DUMMY,DUMMY )
                  GO TO 1
C   END OF LINE EXIT.
C   23     KRSX=KBL
              KODE=-1
              NCHAR=0
              KLSX=KBL
              RETURN
C-- TEXT BETWEEN APOSTROPHES. LEAVE SPACE FOR NNNH. LOOK FOR
C-- TRAILING APOSTROPHE AND MOVE TEXT TO JCARD FIELD.
C   24     KOL = KOL - 1
              CALL MOVER( 4,4H H,1,1 )
              JC = 1
C-- LOOP UNTIL.TRAILING APOSTROPHE FOUND
C   25     KOL = KOL + 1
              IF ( KOL .GT. KMAX ) GO TO 29
              IF ( KARD(KOL) .NE. KSPK(11) ) GO TO 25
              IF ( KARD(KOL+1) .NE. KSPK(11) ) GO TO 26
              CALL MOVER( 0,DUMMY,DUMMY,-1 )
              GO TO 25
              KOL = KOL - 1
              CALL MOVER( 0,DUMMY,DUMMY,-1 )
              NH = JC - KOL
              KODE = 1
              DO 27 J=1,3

```

```
22100  
22200  
22300  
22400  
22500  
22600  
22700  
22800  
22900  
23000  
23100  
23200  
23300  
23400  
23500  
  
K1 = NH/10  
K2 = NH - 10NK1  
KH = KH - 1  
JCARD(KH) = KDI9(K2+1)  
IF 1 K1 .LE. 0 ) GO TO 28  
27 NH = K1  
28 KOL = KOL + 1  
KRSX = KARD(IKOL)  
IF J KRSX .EQ. KBL ) GO TO 28  
RETURN  
C----- IMPROPER END OF APOSTROPHE STRING.  
29 WRITE (6,30) KARD(IKOL-1),KSPK(11)  
30 FORMAT(1$SECOND APOSTROPHE NOT FOUND.',2X2A5)  
GO TO 28  
END
```

```

SUBROUTINE TDTEST( N, LAST, BR, 11, 12 )
  INTEGER BR
  COMMON /TYPE/ JTYPE, JOB(66), KARD(1326), KBUFF(180), KLEAR(8), KMAX, KODE, KOL
  COMMON /ALPH/ KBL, KABC(26), KDI(10), KSPK(13)
10   KOL = LAST
      IF ( KARD(LAST+1) .EQ. KSPK(8) ) GO TO 50
      IF ( KARD(LAST+1) .NE. KBL ) GO TO 200
      LAST = LAST + 1
      GO TO 10
      LAST = LAST + 2
      KARD(LAST-1) = KBL
      IF ( KARD(LAST) .EQ. KDI(11+1) ) GO TO 150
      IF ( KARD(LAST) .EQ. KDI(12+1) ) GO TO 150
      IF ( 12 .LT. 10 ) GO TO 99
      11 = 12/10
      12 = 12 - 10*11
      GO TO 60
      CALL ERROR
      RETURN
100  LAST = LAST + 1
      GO TO 60
150  KARD(LAST) = KBL
      KMAX = KMAX - 2
      DO 170 I=KOL, KMAX
170  KARD(I+1) = KARD(I+3)
200  CONTINUE
      IF ( BR .EQ. 1 ) RETURN 1
      RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE UPDATE

THIS SUBROUTINE UPDATES THE SYMBOL TABLE. NEW SYMBOLS ARE ADDED AS THEY ARE FOUND. REFERENCES TO PREVIOUSLY FOUND SYMBOLS ARE UPDATED.

```

LOGICAL#1 01  OTYPE(4)  ONAME(8) , FORCEN , FORCES
LOGICAL OUPDAT , KSBO , KCDO
REAL#0 NAME (2) , SYMTAB(12,800)
INTEGER#2 T1,T2 , TT(2) , N2 , NN(4) , N3
INTEGER#4 JLOC(400) , CTAB(1400) , TEMP , HTAB(1)
COMMON !TYPE , JOB(66) , KARD(1326) , KBUFF(180) , KLEAR(8) , KMAX , KODE , KOL , K
1 RSX , LIST(18191) , LOCH , MINA , MAXA , NCHAR , NEXT , NRT , NREC , NROUT , NSYM
2 NERR , NERO , MEMKEY
COMMON /ALPH/ KBL , KABC(26) , KDIG(10) , KSPK(11)
COMMON /BETA/ MXCH , MXLI , N15B , LINE , NPAGE , KSBO , KCDO
COMMON /HASH/ ILOC , LOC , NAME , IVAL
COMMON /XUPDAT/ OUPDAT , ICIDCT(27)

EQUIVALENCE (TEMP , TT(1)) , (TT(1) , T1) , (TT(2) , T2)
EQUIVALENCE ( NAME(1) , O1 ) , N1 , NN(1) , ( NN(3) , N2 ) , ( OTYPE(1) , KEY )
EQUIVALENCE ( SYMTAB(1:1) , LST(4192) )
1 ( HTAB(1) , LIST(1) ) , ( NN(4) , N3 ) , ( JLOC(1) , LIST(7392) )

DATA NST / 800 /                                HASH THE NAME

IF ( KODE .LT. MINA .OR. KODE .GT. MAXA ) RETURN
FORCES = .FALSE .
FORCE = .FALSE .
IADD = MOD ( IABS( N1+N2+N3 ) , 4191 )
TEMP = HTAB(IADD+1)
IFLAG = IABS( ITYPE )                           ITYPE

-----          3      CHARACTER          12      INTEGER
-----          5      COMMON           13      LOGICAL
-----          6      COMPLEX          18      REAL
-----          8      DIMENSION

IF ( IFLAG .GT. 18 ) GO TO 25
GO TO 1 25 , 3.25 , 5 , 6,25 , 8,25,25,12,13,25,25,25,18),
*      IFLAG + 5
3      KEY = IVAL + 5
5      KEY = -1
6      KEY = 2
6      GO TO 40
6      GO TO 30
5      KEY = 1
8      KEY = -1
8      GO TO 40
12     KEY = 3
12     GO TO 30
13     KEY = 4
13     GO TO 30
18     KEY = 5
18     GO TO 30
25     KEY = 0

```

```

      GO TO 50
  30  FORCEN = .TRUE.
  40  IF ( KRSX .EQ. KSPK(3) ) FORCES = .TRUE.
  50  CONTINUE
      C   IS THIS A NEW NAME
      C   IF (T1 .NE. 0) GO TO 100
      C   ILOC = ILOC+1
      C   IF (ILOC .GT. NST) GO TO 500
      C   LOC = ILOC
      C   T1 = LOC
      C   HTAB(IADD+1) = TEMP
      C   GO TO 270
      C   HAVE WE FOUND THE NAME
      C   IF ( NAME(1) .NE. SYMTAB(1,T1) ) GO TO 200
      C   IF ( NAME(2) .NE. SYMTAB(2,T1) ) GO TO 200
      C   120  IF ( FORCEN ) JLOC(T1) = ISIGN( KEY, JLOC(T1) )
      C   IF ( FORCES ) JLOC(T1) = -MAX0( 1, ABS( JLOC(T1) ) )
      C   LOC = JLOC(T1)
      C   RETURN
      C   DO WE START A CHAIN
      C   IF (T2 .NE. 0) GO TO 300
      C   ICOL = ICOL+1
      C   IF ( ICOL .GT. 400 ) GO TO 500
      C   T2 = ICOL
      C   HTAB(IADD+1) = TEMP
      C   ILOC = ILOC+1
      C   IF (ILOC .GT. NST) GO TO 500
      C   LOC = ILOC
      C   T1 = LOC
      C   T2 = 0
      C   CTAB(ICOL) = TEMP
      C   SYMTAB(1,LOC) = NAME(1)
      C   SYMTAB(2,LOC) = NAME(2)
      C   IF ( FORCES ) KEY = -KEY
      C   JLOC(T1) = KEY
      C   LOC = KEY
      C   RETURN
      C   SEARCH IN CHAIN
      C   ITEM = T2
      C   TEMP = CTAB(ITEM)
      C   IF ( NAME(1) .NE. SYMTAB(1,T1) ) GO TO 400
      C   IF ( NAME(2) .EQ. SYMTAB(2,T1) ) GO TO 120
      C   HAVE WE FOUND THE NAME
      C   DO WE ADD TO THE CHAIN
      C   270  IF (T2 .NE. 0) GO TO 300
      C   ICOL = ICOL+1
      C   IF ( ICOL .GT. 400 ) GO TO 500
      C   T2 = ICOL
      C   CTAB(ITEM) = TEMP
      C   ILOC = ILOC+1
      C   IF (ILOC .LE. NST) GO TO 250
      C   OVERFLOW
      C   250  WRITE(6,501)
      C   501  FORMAT(16H0HASH TABLE FULL)
      C   STOP

```

INITIALIZE OR DISPLAY

```
C ENTRY HASHIN
CALL SORT(0)
OUPDAT = FALSE.
KSBO = TRUE.
JSYM = 0
DO 600 I=1,4191
      HTAB(I) = 0
      DO 620 I=1,400
            CTAB(I) = 0
            ILOC = 0
            ICOL = 0
            RETURN
      END
600
620
```

```
11100
11200
11300
11400
11500
11600
11700
11800
11900
12000
12100
12200
12300
12400
```

```
100:  
200:  
300:  
400:  
500:  
600:  
700:  
800:  
900:  
1000:  
1100:  
1200:  
1300:  
  
C-----  
SUBROUTINE XTRNAL  
COMMON /TYPE,JOB(166),KARD(1320),KBUFF(180),KLEAR(8),KMAX,KODE,KOL  
TEST SUBPROGRAMS IN AN EXTERNAL STATEMENT FOR VALIDITY IN  
6600 FORTRAN.  
C-----  
11 KSAVE = KOL  
CALL SYMBOL  
IF ( KODE .LE. 0 ) RETURN  
K = KOL  
KOL = KSAVE  
CALL FNCHECK( -1 )  
KOL = K  
GO TO 11  
END
```

	MACRO	
ALABEL	SET	SUBROUTINE
ALABEL	SAVE (14(12),*	ALABEL
	LA 0,ALABEL-10,*	LOCAL DISPLACEMENT ---> GR60
	SR 15,0	POINT GR 15 BACK TO THE CSECT
	LR 10,13	USERS SAVE AREA ADDRESS ---> TEMP STORAGE
	LR 13,15	GLOBAL ADDRESSABILITY IN GR 13
	ST 13,8(10)	ESTABLISH TRACE BACK CHAIN
	ST 10,4(13)	ESTABLISH VALID BACK CHAIN
MEND	SPACE 3	
START	DS 18F	18F READ, WRITE, TREAD, TWRITE, OPEN, CLOSE, TRANCE
	ENTRY ICHAR	
	ENTRY TRANS, MOVTMP, SETTMP	
	SPACE 3	
	ENTRY L4CV6029	
L4CV6	USING *,15	
0	29 LR 0,1	
Loop2	LA 1,255	
9	STC 1,TAB(1)	
	BCT 1,LOOP29	
	LR 1,0	
	L 15,V(MAIN)	
	BR 15	
	SPACE 3	
	USING *,15	
SETTM P	LA 1,TEMP	
	ST 1,DCBAD	
	BR 14	
	DROP 15	
	USING 10,13	
OPEN	OPEN (INPUT,,OUTPUT,(OUTPUT),TEMP,(OUTPUT))	
	SET	
	LA 15,0	
	TM INPUT+48,X'10'	
	BZ OPNERR	
	TM OUTPUT+48,X'10'	
	BZ OPNERR	
	TM TEMP+48,X'10'	
	BZ OPNERR	
	LA 1,OUTPUT	
	ST 1,DCBAD	
	L 13,4(13)	
	RETURN (14(12),T,RC=(15))	
OPNERR	OPNERR LA 15,4	
B	ROPN	
CLOSE	SET	
	CLOSE (INPUT,,OUTPUT,,TEMP,,)	
	LA 15,0	
	B ROPN	
READ	SET	
L	11,0(1) FETCH ARRAY ADDRESS	

```

5900
5700
5800
5900
6000
6100
6200
6300
6400
6500
6600
6700
6800
6900
7000
7100
7200
7300
7400
7500
7600
7700
7800
7900
8000
8100
8200
8300
8400
8500
8600
8700
8800
8900
9000
9100
9200
9300
9400
9500
9600
9700
9800
9900
0000
10100
10200
10300
10400
10500
10600
10700
10800
10900
11000

INPUT.(111)
0(80,11).INTAB
1,80
2,316(111)
3,79(111)
LA
5,=CL4,
L
6,=F,4,
I
4,0(3)
SRDL 4,8
ST 5,0(2)
BCTR 3,0
SR 2,6
SLL 5,8
BCT 1,A1TOA4
LA 15,0
ROPN
B SET
L 11,0(11)
PUT OUTPUT,(111)
LA 15,0
ROPN
B SET
L 11,0(11)
GET TEMP,(111)
LA 15,0
ROPN
B SET
L 11,0(11)
PUT TEMP,(111)
LA 15,0
ROPN
B SET
LM 2,3,0(11) GET ARGUMENTS
LA 12,BUF
9,0(3) GET NUMBER OF CHARACTERS TO BE OUTPUT
NUMBER MUST BE POSITIVE.
TREAD
L 9,9
BP NINEOK
LA 9,72
A4TOA1 LA 11,0(12) ADDRESS OF AREA BEING PACKED
LA 7,72 NUMBER OF COLUMNS TO BE PACKED (MAX)
XR 3,3
AR 3,9
STC 3,MBL+3
LR 1,9
SR 9,7
BM A4TOA1
LR 1,7
A4TOA1 IC 3,0(2)
STC 3,0(11)
LA 11,1(11)
LA 2,4(2)
BCT 1,A4TOA1
MVC 72(8,12),BLANKS
LTR 9,9
BNM TRPUT
TEST TO SEE IF BLANKS NEEDED AT END OF ST

```

		NUMBER OF BLANKS NEEDED BLANK OUT Rightmost COLS OF CARD
LPR	1,0	
EX	1, MBL	
PUT	1, DCBAD (1), (12)	TEST FOR TASK COMPLETE ALL DONE UNLESS R9 > 0
LTR	9,9	
BIP	ROPN	
MVC	016, (12); CONT	SET UP FOR CONTINUATION CARDS 66 COLUMNS IN A CONTINUATION CARD
LA	11, 6 (12);	
LA	7, 66	
LA	3, 6	
B	Loop	
MVC	0(0,12), BLANKS	DON'T CHANGE ORDER OF THESE TWO CARDS 1 DON'T CHANGE ORDER OF THESE TWO CARDS 2
MBL	BLANK S DC 1SC', BLANKS	
BLANK S	DC	
CONT	DC	
ICHAR	SET	
LM	2, 3, 0(1)	
SR	3, 0(3)	
SR	4, 4	
IC	4, 0(2)	
IC	4, CHAR(4)	
NXT	STH 4, 2(2)	
LA	2, 4(2)	
BCT	S, NXT	
LA	15, 0	
B	ROPN	
MOVTP	SET	
IN	L 11, 0(1)	
	CLOSE (ITEMP, DISP)	
	OPEN (ITEMP, (INPUT))	
	TM TEMP+48, X'10'	
	BZ OPNERR	
COPYL	O OP GET TEMP, (11)	
	PUT OUTPUT, (11)	
	B COPYLOOP	
COPYO	NE LA 1, DCBAD	
	ST 1, DCBAD	
	CLOSE (ITEMP, DISP)	
	OPEN (ITEMP, (OUTPUT))	
	TM TEMP+48, X'10'	
	BZ OPNERR	
	LA 15, 0	
TRANSL	B ROPN	
E	SET	
	L 11, 0(1)	
	TR 0(80, 11), TAB	
	PUT OUTPUT, (11)	
	LA 15, 0	
	B ROPN	
EJECT		
TAB	DC 256X'5D'	UP ARROW
ENDTA	B EQU *	
	ORG TAB+C'A'	
	DC C'ABCDEFGHI'	
	ORG TAB+C'J'	
	DC C'JKLMNOPQR'	

```

ORG TAB+C'S
DC C'STUVWXYZ
ORG TAB+C'0'
DC C'0123456789'
ORG TAB+C'-
DC '+' 1 + 8 360 CHAR 6600
ORG TAB+C'-
DC C'-
ORG TAB+C'5A'
DC ' 3 8 / 360 CHAR 6600
DC X'5E5B5C4C6B4E6061' 6600
ORG TAB+C'6B
DC ' 7 9 360 CHAR 6600
DC X'6B5D605F5D' 6600
ORG TAB+C'7A
DC ' 8 9 360 CHAR 6600
DC X'7AD06D7C7B6F' 6600
ORG ENDTAB
SPACE 3
CHAR DC 256AL1(49)
CHAR N D EQU N
ORG CHAR+C'A'
A B C D E F G H I
DC X'010203040506070809'
ORG CHAR+C'J
J K L M N O P Q R
DC X'0A0B0C0D0E0F101112'
ORG CHAR+C'S
S T U V W X Y Z
DC X'131415161718191A'
ORG CHAR+C'0
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
DC X'1B1C1D1E1F2021222324'
ORG CHAR+C'Z
DC AL1(37)
ORG CHAR+C'-
DC AL1(38)
ORG CHAR+C'(
DC AL1(39)
ORG CHAR+C'/
DC AL1(40)
ORG CHAR+C')'
DC AL1(41)
ORG CHAR+C'+'
DC AL1(42)
ORG CHAR+C'*'
DC AL1(43)
ORG CHAR+C'-
DC AL1(44)
ORG CHAR+C'(
DC AL1(45)
ORG CHAR+C'S'

```

```

DC AL1(46)          22100
ORG CHAR+X'7D'    22200
DC AL1(47)          22300
ORG CHAR+C'        22400
DC AL1(48)          22500
ORG CHAREND        22600
SPACE 3             22700
DC '256X'5D'        22800
INTAB D EQU H       22900
ORG INTAB+C'A'     23000
DC 'ABCDEFGH'      23100
ORG INTAB+C'J'     23200
DC 'JKLMNOPQR'    23300
ORG INTAB+C'S'     23400
DC 'STUVWXYZ'     23500
ORG INTAB+C'0'     23600
DC '0123456789'   23700
ORG INTAB+C'.'     23800
DC ' + : ; @'      23900
ORG INTAB+X'5A'     24000
* * * * *           24100
DC X'5AS8SC5DSE5F6061' 24200
ORG INTAB+X'6B'     24300
DC ' > ?'          24400
ORG INTAB+X'40'     24500
DC ' = " '          24600
ORG INTAB+X'7A'     24700
DC 'X'7A7E7D7D7E7F' 24800
ORG INTEND          24900
ORG INTEND          25000
ORG INTEND          25100
ORG INTEND          25200
SPACE 3             25300
DCBAD DS 1F          25400
BUF DS 20F           25500
EJECT               25600
INPUT DCB DDNAME=INPUT,DSORG=PS,MACRF=(GM),LRECL=80,RECFM=FB, X
DEV=DA,EODAD=OPENRAN 25700
OUTPUT DCB DDNAME=OUTPUT,DSORG=PS,MACRF=(PM),LRECL=80,RECFM=FB, X
DEV=DA,EODAD=OPENWRT 25800
TEMP DCB DDNAME=TEMP,DSORG=PS,MACRF=(GM,PM),LRECL=80,RECFM=FB, X
DEV=DA,EODAD=COPYDONE 25900
END                 26000
                                26100
                                26200
                                26300

```

ROUTINE NAME	ROUTINE TYPE	LOCATION
MAIN	PROGRAM	SCOFF.TMP
BLOCK	DATA	SCOFF.TMP
CECTOR	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
ERREND	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
ERROR	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
ERRF	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
FNCHEK	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
FORTIN	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
IMPSET	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
INPUT	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
INSATR	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
MOVER	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
MULTEQ	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
PAG	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
RETRAN	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
SIXFR7	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
SUB6	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
SLASHS	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
SORT	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
STARL	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
SUBSUB	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
SYMBOL	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
TTEST	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
UPDATE	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF.TMP
XTRNAL	ENTRY POINT	MAIN
MAIN	ENTRY POINT	MAIN

ROUTINE NAME	ROUTINE TYPE	LOCATION
CENTOR	ENTRY POINT	UPDATE
ERR	ENTRY POINT	MAIN
ERREND	ENTRY POINT	MAIN
ERROR	ENTRY POINT	MAIN
FNCHECK	ENTRY POINT	MAIN
FORTRAN	ENTRY POINT	MAIN
IMPSFT	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
INPUT	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
INSRTA	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
MAIN	PROGRAM	SCOFF , TMP
MAIN	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
MOVER	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
MULTEQ	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
PAG	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
RETRN	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
SIXFR7	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
SLASHS	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
SORT	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
STARL	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
SUB6	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
SUBSUB	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
SYMBOL	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
TTEST	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
UPDATE	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
XTRNAL	SUBROUTINE	SCOFF , TMP
	BLOCK DATA	SCOFF , TMP

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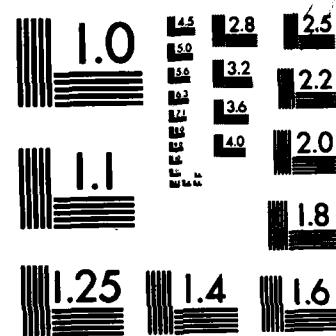
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